# Presentation Handout 

27 February 2002

Extraordinary Explanatory Meeting for Investors



Tokyu Corporation

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## Mutual through train service between Toyoko Line and Eidan Line No. 13



## <Meaning of the Mutual through train service>

The importance of Toyoko Line increases

- By forming a part of the "axes which connects Yokohama to the newly emerging city center", positioning in the wide area railway network increases

Practical use of the existing track site accompanying the shift of Toyoko Line underground

- By maintaining the area around Shibuya Station, the attractiveness of Shibuya will increase


## <Construction towards Mutual through train service operation>

Construction Section: Shibuya Station $\sim$
Daikanyama Station aprrox. 1.5km
Construction Detail:
Construction to go underground
Construction Term: Start April, 2002
~ End (Schedule) March, 2015
Construction Cost: 76 billion yen

## Tokyu Department Store

 Revision of "Business Revolution Plan"

## < Revision of "Business Revolution Plan" >

(1) Reform business structure of primary department - Strengthening and enriching business measures
store business
(2)Drastic improvement of consolidated earning structure


Revision of Target Value
-Execute asset disposal of approx. 35 billion yen

- Outsourcing of indirect sections such as logistics
- Reduce the number of Subsidiary to less than 25 from 34


## FY 1/2005 Revised Target Value

## Consolidated Non-Consolidated Clean carry-over deficit,

Sales
Operating Income
Net Income
432.4 billion yen
12.0
3.5
252.2 billion yen

$$
9.2
$$

2.5

Aim for resumption of dividend


* Although we have set the target for the profit of completed project at 30 billion yen and $\mathrm{A} \& \mathrm{G}$ expenses at 16.5 billion yen at the time of Management Rebuilding Plan preparation, we have revised the target in response to actual accounting treatment such as amortization of difference arising from adoption of retirement benefit accounting.

Tokyu Construction "Revival Plan"

## Revival Plan (Profit Plan) Prepared in February 2002

< Structure of the Revival Plan >


I . Business Revival Plan
Corporate Revival by revolution of earning structure of construction business
(To become a solid and independent company not relying on the Tokyu group)
< Business Target >
Business Target for FY 3/2005 are set below
(1) Consolidated operating income
(2) Consolidated operating income ratio
(3) Consolidated interest-bearing debt
more than 14 billion yen
more than $4 \%$
below 200 billion yen (equal to non-consolidated)
< Renewal of specific construction license >
Clearing the Deficiency Ratio $\Rightarrow$ Solve the deficiency by capital reduction without accompanying consolidation of shares
(1) For renewal of specific construction license, capital reduction equivalent to the deficiency as of 31 March, 2002 ( 34.3 billion yen at a rough estimate, excluding allocation of new shares to a third party) without reducing the number of shares is executed.
(2) Clean carry-over deficit by appropriation of legal reserve and capital reduction
< Strengthening Financial Base >
Increase capital by allocation of new shares to a third party and prepare for the change of business environment in the future
(1) Enrichment of shareholders' equity by capital increase (Equity ratio 10.6\%)
(2) Prepare for the change of business environment (Market, Accounting system) in the future

Tokyu Construction＂Revival Plan＂

## Financial Base Revival Plan－ 2

$<$ Tokyu Construction（Non－consolidated）＞ （ $¥$ million）
（ $¥$ million）

| Shareholder＇s Equity | Before capital <br> reinforcement <br> FY 3／2002 Forecast |
| :--- | ---: |
| Capital | 46,129 |
| Legal Reserve | 71,521 |
| ［Additional <br> paid－in capital］ <br> ［Earned surplus reserve］ | 68,084 |
| Accumulated Deficit | $-105,8757$ |
| ［Voluntary reserve〕 | 21,078 |
| ［Unappropriated］ | $-126,954$ |
| Total Shareholder＇s Equity | 11,775 |

（1）Capital Reduction
$¥ 34.3$ billion（Estimate）
（2）Appropriate total
Voluntary Reserve，
Legal Reserve
（3）Allocation of new shares
to a third party
$¥ 50$ billion

## Amount of Deficiency－34，353 <br> Deficiency Ratio <br> $74.5 \%$

| Shareholder＇s Equity | After capital <br> reinforcement |
| :--- | ---: |
| Capital | 36,785 |
| Legal Reserve <br> 〔Additional <br> paid－in capital］ <br> 〔Earned surplus reserve〕 | - |
| Accumulated Deficit | - |
| 〔Voluntary reserve〕 <br> 〔Unappropriated〕 | - |
| Retained Earnings | - |
| Total Shareholder＇s Equity | - |

Prepare for change of future business environment by three years profit，full application of percentage of completion basis and tax effect accounting，etc．

## Management after Business Restructuringe

## - Continuation of the decision-making system by "Tokyu Group Corporate Executive Committee" <br> - Hold fast to the governance system by Tokyu Corporation

The First Restructuring Phase (up to March 2003)
Reorganize Tokyu Group by business segment
Group management objective to restore sound business
< Interest-bearing Debt / EBITDA Multiple = less than 10 times >
$\square$ Theme for the Second Restructuring PhaseBusiness structural reform to enhance profitability, growth and shareholder value
$\diamond$ Management objectives to improve profitability on consolidated and segment bases
< Consolidated Objective >

- An index that enables comparison with other companies in terms of EBITDA and total market capitalization
<Segment Objective>
- An index that clearly demonstrates profitability, growth potential and business efficiency of individual segment
- Simple index that can be easily used as an incentive

