Results in the First Half of FY2012 Presentation for Investments

November 13, 2012



Tokyu Corporation

(9005)

http://www.tokyu.co.jp/

Contents



| ١. | Executive Summary | 2 |
|-----|--|----|
| 11. | Recent Progress and Future Initiatives | 8 |
| Ш. | Conditions in Each Business | 21 |
| | Details of Financial Results for the First Half of FY2012 | 25 |
| V. | Details of Financial Forecasts for FY2012 | 40 |
| (Re | eference) | 53 |

Forward-looking statements

All statements contained in this document other than historical facts are forward-looking statements that reflect the judgments of the management of Tokyu Corporation based on information currently available. Actual results may differ materially from the statements.

The original disclosure in Japanese was released on November 13, 2012 at 17:30 (GTM+9)



I. Executive Summary

FY2012_2Q

Main Points in the Results for the First Half of the Term Ending March 2013



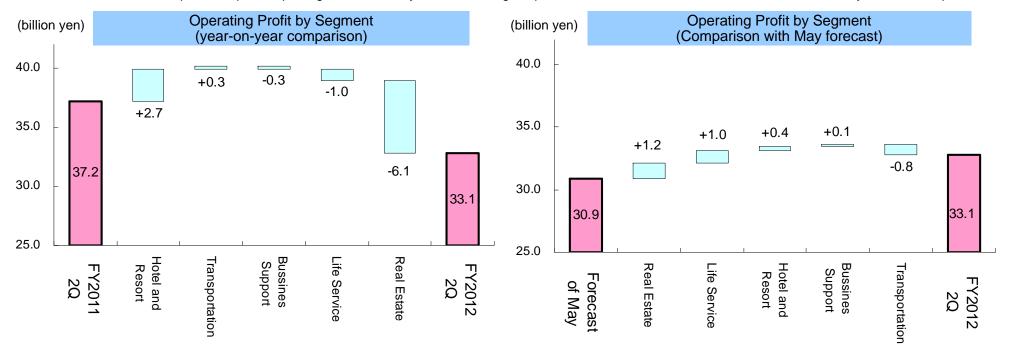
Operating profit declined from the previous year due in part to a decrease in Company-owned land sales, but increased compared with the forecast thanks to strong results of the Company's real estate leasing.

| | First half results | Year-on-year com | Compari | (yen) | | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------|-------|---------|----------|--|
| Operating revenue | 519.3 billion | -10.2 billion | (-1.9%) | +4.2 | billion | (+0.8%) | |
| Operating profit | 33.1 billion | -4.1 billion | -11.1%) | +2.2 | billion | (+7.2%) | |
| Recurring profit | 32.7 billion | -5.1 billion | -13.6%) | +3.9 | billion | (+13.8%) | |
| Net income | 18.4 billion | -3.4 billion | -15.8%) | +1.4 | billion | (+8.8%) | |

Operating revenue: [Year-on-year comparison: -1%] Revenue decreased due in part to the transfer of Tokyu Car Corporation, but the decline in revenue narrowed due in part to a recovery from the impact of the earthquake and opening of Shibuya Hikarie and ShinQs.

[Comparison with plan: +0.8%] The overall revenue increased due in part to a increase in orders in business support, despite declines in revenues in the life support and hotel and resort businesses.

- Operating profit: [Year-on-year comparison: -11%] The decline in profit narrowed due in part to a recovery in the hotel and resort business, etc. from the impact of the earthquake, despite a decrease in Company-owned land sales, a reactionary fall to land sales in Western Australia, and other factors. [Comparison with plan: +7%] Profit increased thanks to the strong results of the Company's real estate leasing business, mainly Shibuya Hikarie, although it was pushed down by the shift in timing for posting expenses in the railway operations of the Company.
- Net income: [Year-on-year comparison: -15%] Net income fell by 3.4 billion yen due in part to a decrease in investment gains from equity method accounting in addition to a decline in operating profit, despite a decrease in the provision for allowance for loss on transfer of Tokyu Car Corporation.
 [Comparison with plan: +8%] Net income increased 1.4 billion yen due to a decrease in interest payments in addition to an increase in operating profit, despite the posting of extraordinary losses including the provision for the allowance for the loss on transfer of Tokyu Hakuba Corporation.



FY2012

Main Points in Plan for the Term Ending March 2013



• Operating profit will decline from the previous year due to a decrease in Company-owned land sales but will increase compared with the forecast, given strong results in the first half.

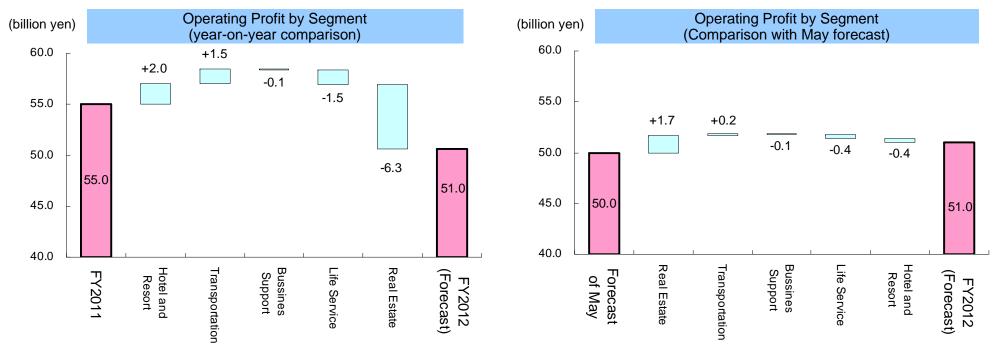
| | Full year forecast | Year-on-year comparisor | Comparison with forecasts in May | (yen) |
|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|
| Operating revenue | 1,063.8 billion | -30.4 billio (-2.8%) | -1.0 billio (-0.1%) | |
| Operating profit | 51.0 billion | -4.0 billio (-7.3%) | +1.0 billio (+2.0%) | |
| Recurring profit | 45.0 billion | -9.0 billio (-16.8%) | +3.0 billio (+7.1%) | 1 |
| Net income | 28.0 billion | -7.9 billio (-22.1%) | +2.0 billio (+7.7%) | |

Operating revenue: [Year-on-year comparison: -2%] There will be a drop in revenue due in part to the transfer of Tokyu Car Corporation, but the revenue decline will narrow partly because of the opening of Shibuya Hikarie and a recovery from the impact of the earthquake. [Comparison with plan: - 0.1%] Where there will be a drop in revenue in the life support and hotel and resort businesses, the revenue decline will narrow due in part to an increase in orders in the business support business.

Operating profit: [Year-on-year comparison: -7%] The decline in profit will narrow due in part to a recovery from the impact of the earthquake, despite a decrease in Company-owned land sales, a reactionary fall to land sales in Western Australia, the burden of opening Shibuya Hikarie, and other factors. [Comparison with plan: +2%] An increase in profit in the Company's real estate leasing business will offset the decrease in revenue in the life service and hotel and resort businesses. This will result in an increase in overall operating profit.

■ Net income: [Year-on-year comparison: -22%] Net income will fall by 7.9 billion yen due in part to a decrease in the investment gain from equity method accounting in addition to a decline in operating profit.

[Comparison with plan: +7%] Net income will increase due in part to an improvement in non-operating revenue and expenses in addition to an increase in operating profit.

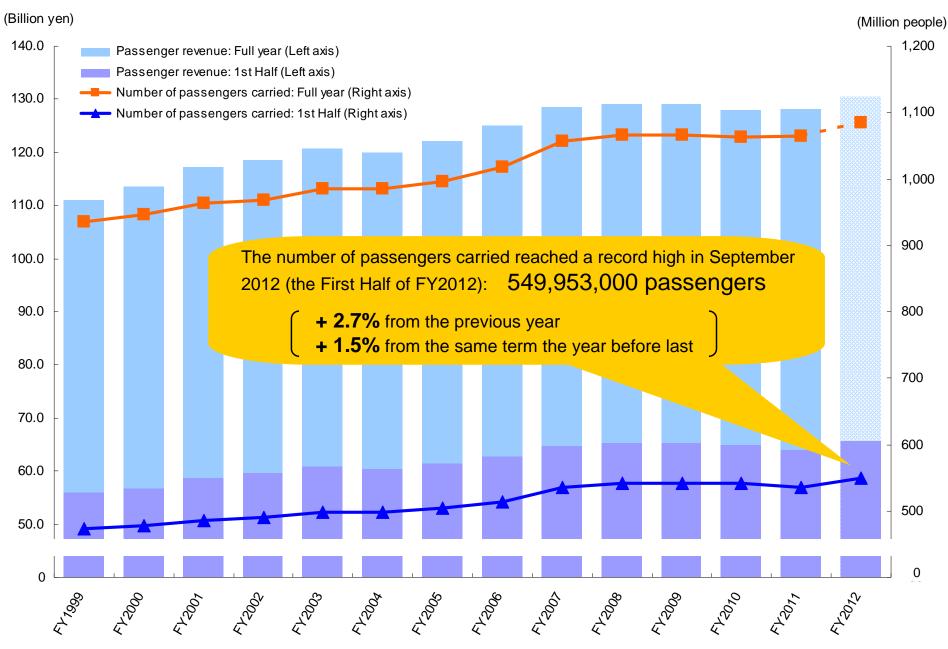




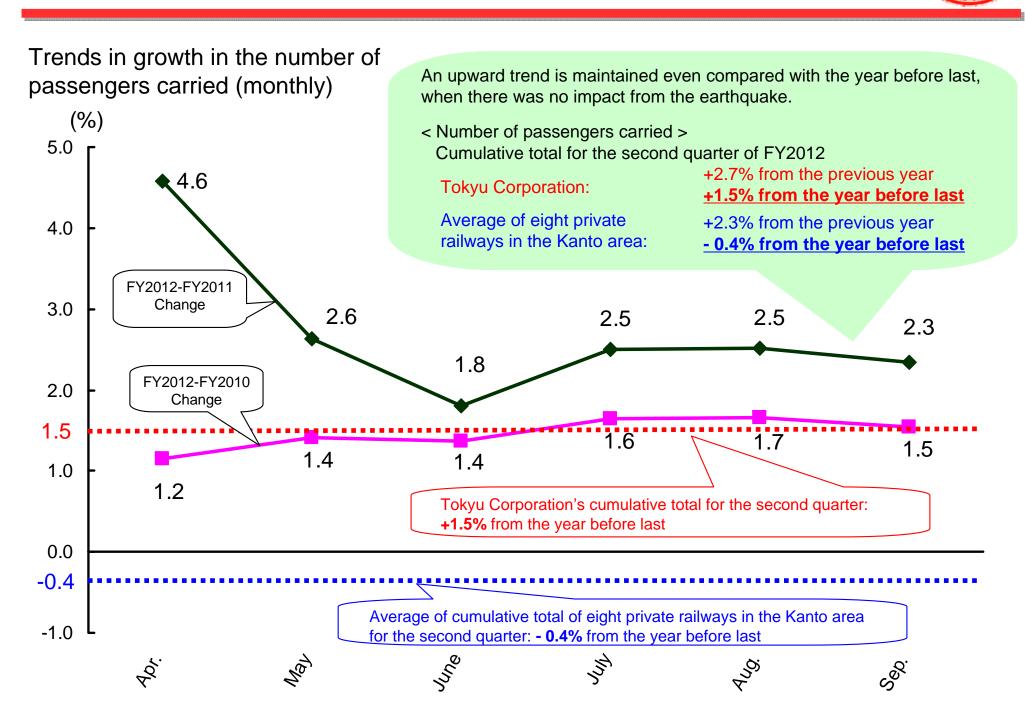
II. Recent Progress and Future Initiatives

Trends in Number of Passengers Carried



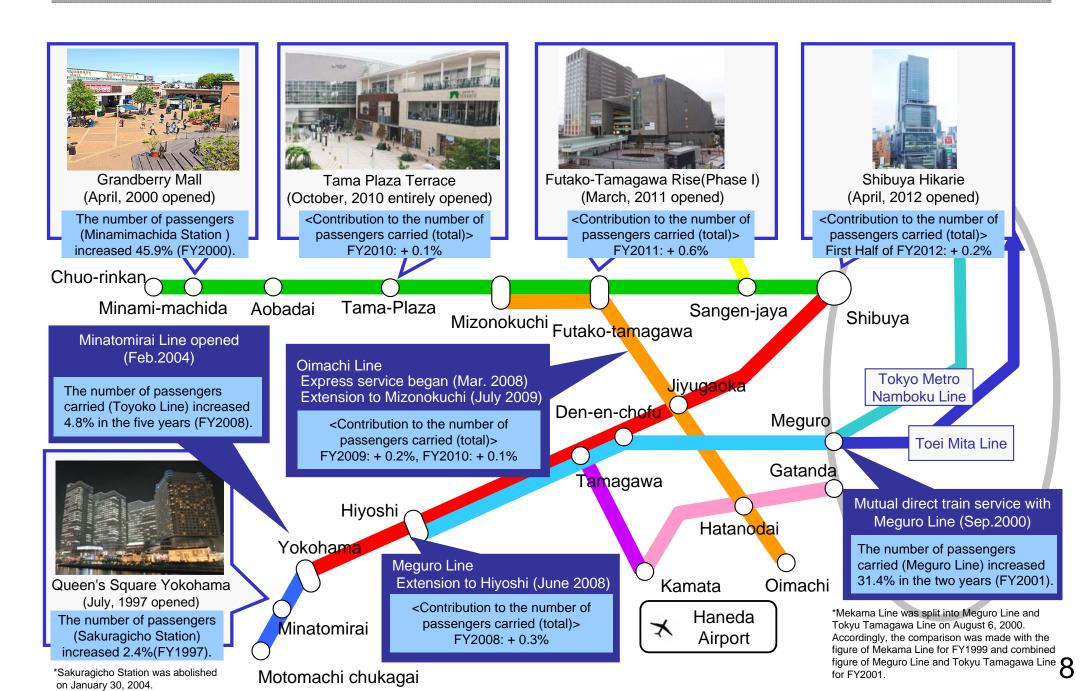


Growth Trend of the Number of Passengers Carried



Effects of the Development of Railway Networks and Bases of Areas Served by Tokyu's Railway Lines

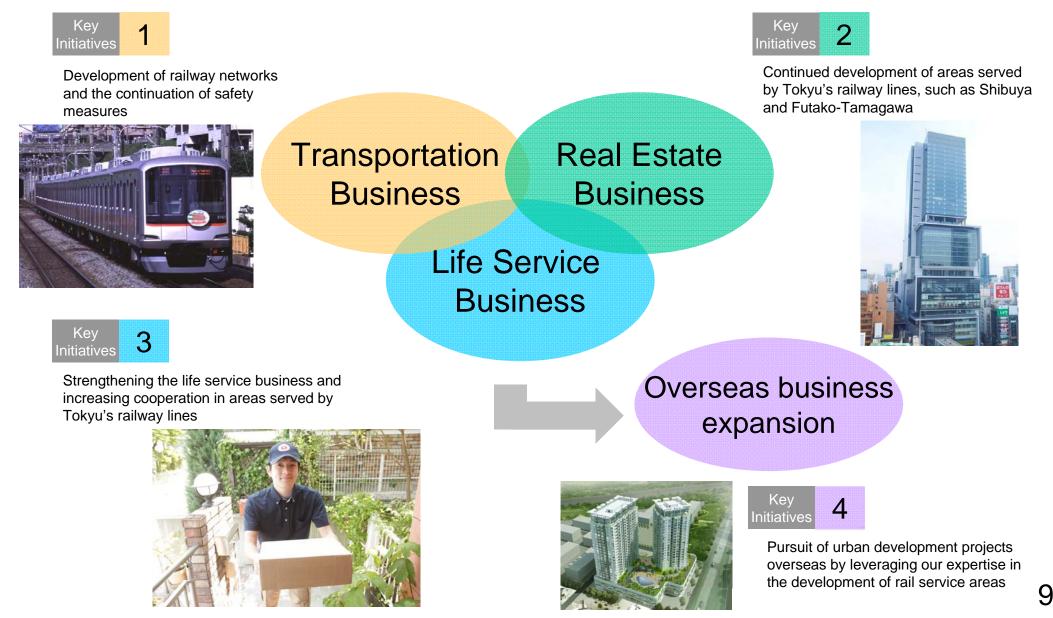




Basic Strategy for Improving Corporate Value

Overall Strategy

Business development that keeps creating life value in the areas we serve



Development of Railway Networks



It was decided that the mutual direct train service operation of Toyoko Line and Fukutoshin Line will begin on March 16, 2013.



Mutual direct train service operation will begin for the section of Yokohama – Shibuya – Shinjuku 3-chome – Tobu Line and Seibu Line.

Joint

2013.3.16 渋谷、つながる。

- Limited express, limited commuter express, and express services with 10-car trains (currently 8-car trains) will begin to be provided.
- Effects of the mutual direct train service operation
- Forming a part of the axes connecting Yokohama and the subcenter in Tokyo, the Toyoko Line will play a more important role in the wide-area railroad network in Tokyo.
- Practical use of the track space on the ground after the completion of the underground Toyoko Line
- Events to promote the bustle of Shibuya
- A website for publicizing the mutual direct train service operation is publicized.
- Diverse events are planned to be held in the area around Shibuya Station.
- Measures for encouraging passengers to visit Shibuya will be taken using IC cards and point programs.

Sotetsu-Tokyu Direct Train Service

Approval of the construction given by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport on October 5, 2012

[Section] From an area near Hazawa Station to Hiyoshi Station of Tokyu Line [Length of the line] Approx. 10km

[Cost] Approx. ¥195.7 billion

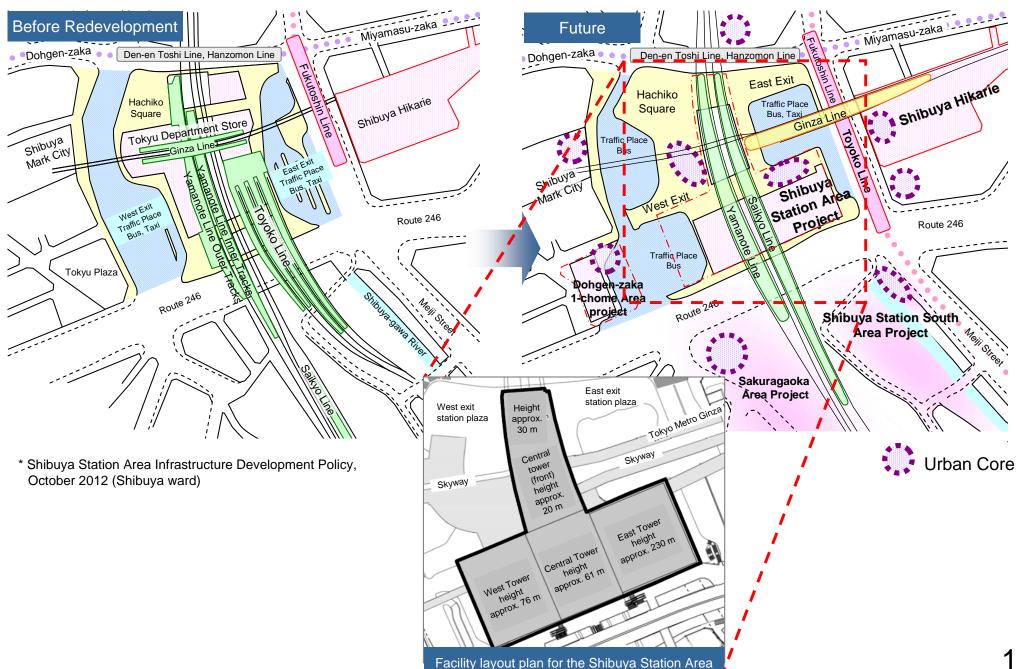
[Constructed by] Japan Railway Construction, Transport and Technology Agency [Operated by] SAGAMI RAILWAY Co., Ltd., Tokyu Corporation

(A scheme of separating infrastructure and operation)

[Stations to be set up] (tentative name) Hazawa Station, Shin-yokohama Station, Shin-tsunashima Station, Hiyoshi Station

[Period of construction] April 2007-March 2019

Progress in the Redevelopment of the Area Around Shibuya Station (1)



Progress in the Redevelopment of the Area Around Shibuya Station (2)



Shibuya Station Area Development Project

August 2012: Procedures for environmental impact assessment started.

[Overview]

Site area: Approx. 1.53 hectares

Floor area: 262,000m²

- Office: 107,000m²
- Commercial facilities: 155,000m²

Building height:

East Building: Approx. 230m (43 floors above ground and 6 basement floors) West Building: Approx. 76m (12 floors above ground and 6 basement floors) Central Building: Approx. 61m (10 floors above ground and 2 basement floors)

Term: FY2013 - FY2027 (plan)

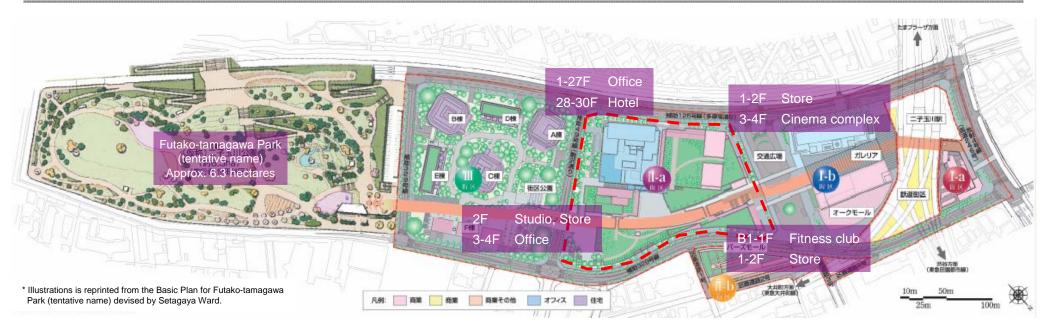
Completion:

2020 (East Building) 2027 (West and Central Buildings)



^{*} This rendering was used for the procedures of environmental impact assessment of the Shibuya Station Area Development Project. The project plan may be changed.

Progress in the Futako-Tamagawa Redevelopment (Phase II)



[Overview of the plan for the Area II-a]

Site area: 28,083m²

Floor area: Approx. 156,400m²

Building height: Approx. 137m (30 floors above the ground and 2 basement floors)

Term: January 2012 to June 2015 (plan)

Use (plan): Fitness club Tokyu Sports System Hotel Tokyu Hotels Cinema complex Tokyu Recreation

Office leasing status: Block rental of all 26 floors has been informally decided.

[Reference] Number of people working in the Futako-Tamagawa East Region (Futako-Tamagawa Rise)

> Phase I Office (19,600m²) Approx. 2,500 people

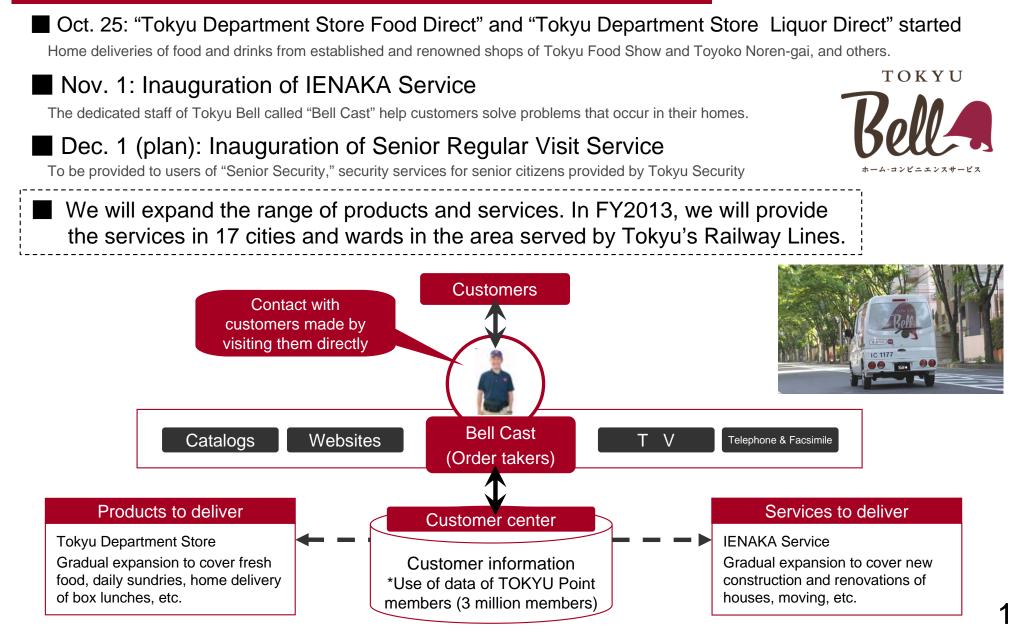
Phase II Office (63,000m²) Approx. 8,000 people



Update Status of the Home Convenience Service Business

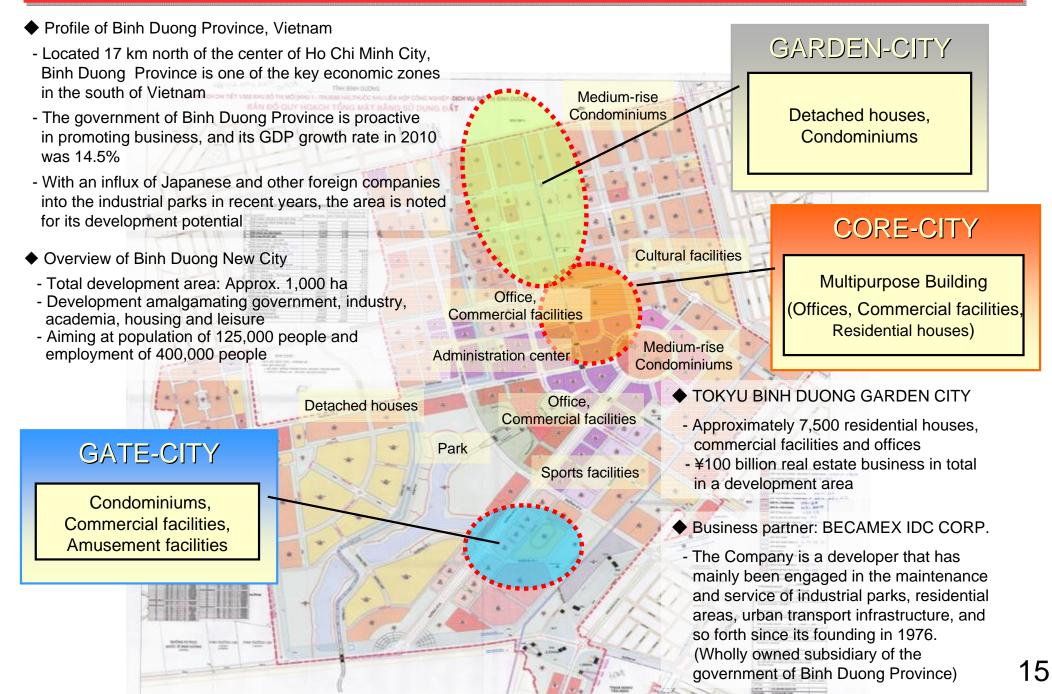


Commencement of provision of the Tokyu Bell original services



Urban development in Vietnam, Binh Duong Province (1)





Urban development in Vietnam, Binh Duong Province (2)

Perspective drawing of the GATE-CITY condominium

 Progress and future plans
 2012: Became the executing entity
 March: Established Becamex Tokyu Co., Ltd. (Tokyu Corporation 65%, Becamex 35%)
 June: Signed a memorandum of understanding concerning a survey on the development of a public transport system focused on the operation of bus services
 FY2013: Relocation of the People's Committee (to become the capital of Binh Duong Province)
 2020: Shift to a government-ruled municipality (plan)





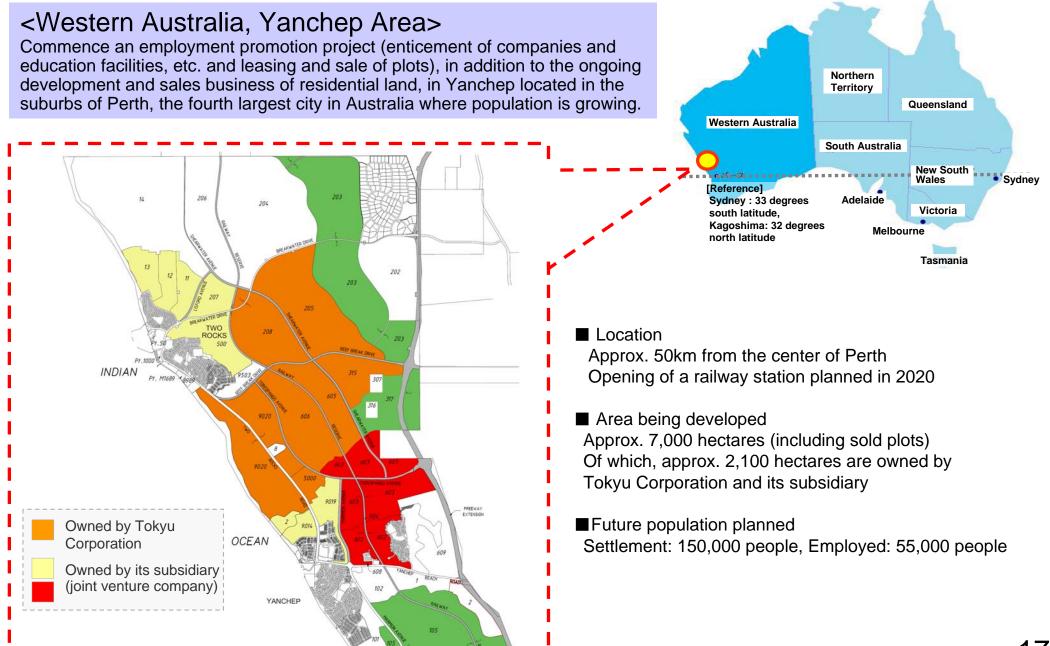
Development of infrastructure including roads and parks

6



Yanchep District Land Development in Western Australia (1)





Yanchep District Land Development in Western Australia (2)





Future Development Plans of Large Scale Project



| | FY2012 | FY2013 | FY2014 | FY2015 and after | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Transportation | Mutual direct transportation between Toyoko Line and Fukutoshin Line to begin operating | Barrier-free to be completed Installing platform Doors on Nakameguro station to be completed | Aseismic reinforcing w on elevated bridges to completed | | | | | |
| Real Estate | Shibuya Hikarie opened Tokyu Welina Hatanodai opened Dresser Tama-Plaza Terrace to be completed | Tokyu Welina Hatanodai opened Dresser Tama-Plaza Shibuya Miyashitach Shibuya Station Area / Shibuya Station South Area F | | | | | | |
| Life Service | Tokyu Department Store ShinQs opened Tokyu Bell to be operated in earnest | East Building of Tokyu Department Store's Toyoko Store to be closed | | Entirely open in FY2021 | | | | |
| Overseas | < | Vietnam Binh Duon | g New City Project | | | | | |
| business | | Western Australia Y | anchep Development F | Project | | | | |
| | GARE | U BINH DUONG DEN CITY (Vietnam) miniums to be | | (September, 2015) Shibuya Miyashitacho Apartment Vacant Lot Project to be completed | | | | |
| (FY2013) Musashi-kos Square to be | | (June, 2015) Futako-Tamagawa Redevelopment (Phas Office and Hotel to be opened | | Shibuya Station Area Development Project to be opened (FY2020) East Building (FY2027) Others | | | | |



III. Conditions in Each Business

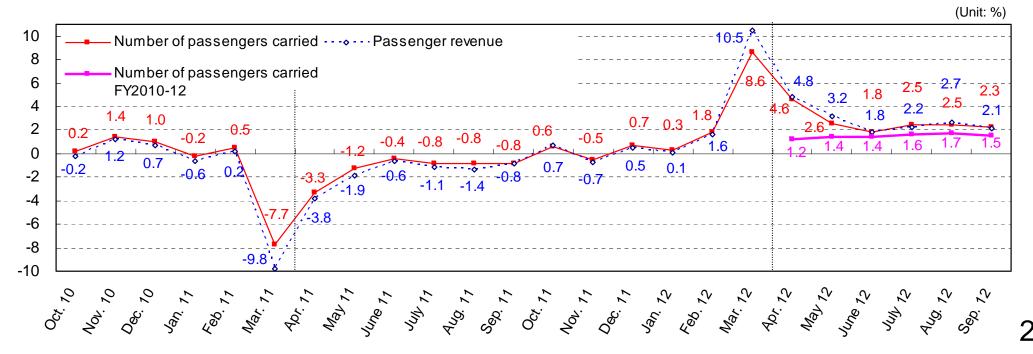


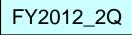
The Company's Railway operation business: Results and forecasts for passengers carried and passenger revenue

⁽Thousand people, Million yen)

| - | | FY2 | FY2010 | | FY2011 | | FY2012 | | FY2011-12 Change | | 2 Change |
|----------------------|--------------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-------------------------|--------|-------------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| | | 1st Half | Full year | 1st Half | Full year | 1st Half | Full year (Forecast) | | Full year (Forecast) | | Full year (Forecast) |
| Number of | Total | 542,032 | 1,062,590 | 535,365 | 1,065,364 | 549,953 | 1,084,476 | + 2.7% | + 1.8% | + 1.5% | + 2.1% |
| passengers | Non-commuter | 220,097 | 433,891 | 215,032 | 435,972 | 222,304 | 444,137 | + 3.4% | + 1.9% | + 1.0% | + 2.4% |
| carried | Commuter | 321,935 | 628,699 | 320,333 | 629,392 | 327,649 | 640,339 | + 2.3% | + 1.7% | + 1.8% | + 1.9% |
| Deserves | Total | 64,941 | 127,875 | 63,902 | 128,118 | 65,697 | 130,409 | + 2.8% | + 1.8% | + 1.2% | + 2.0% |
| Passenger revenue | Non-commuter | 35,874 | 70,736 | 34,993 | 70,990 | 36,211 | 72,355 | + 3.5% | + 1.9% | + 0.9% | + 2.3% |
| 10101100 | Commuter | 29,067 | 57,139 | 28,909 | 57,128 | 29,486 | 58,054 | + 2.0% | + 1.6% | + 1.4% | + 1.6% |

Railway operation business: Passengers carried and passenger revenue (year-on-year comparison)





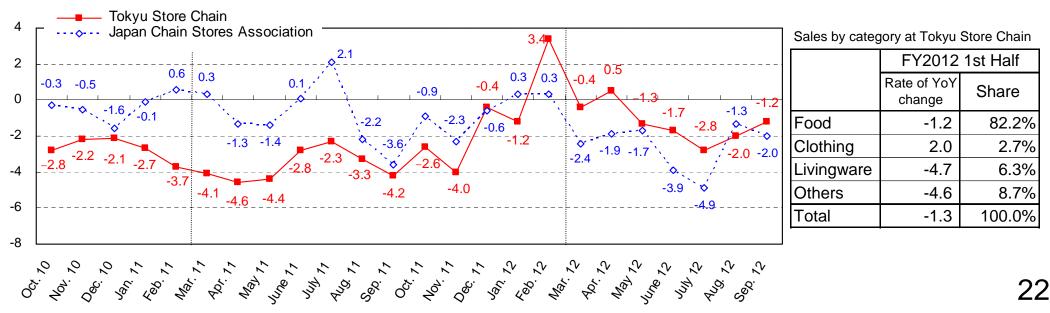
Retail Business

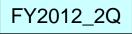


Sales by category at Tokyu Department Stores 30 FY2012 1st Half 26.7 Tokyu Department Store 25 Rate of 20 YoY Share change 15 2.6 Menswear/furnishings 4.1% 10 6.5 20.8% Womenswear/furnishings 2.7 2.0 1.7 0.6 0.6 1.3 0.6 5 - 0-7 Other clothing items 0.2 5.2% -1.0 -2.9 -2.9 -3.0 -2.5 16.3 Personal items 8.5% 0 Miscellaneous goods 7.9 12.7% 0.7 _0.3 _0.3 -5 -3.1 -1.8 Household articles -5.6 3.8% -4.3 -2.8 -2.2 -3.6 -10 Food 6.6 41.3% -9.6 -15 Others 4.2 3.5% Total 6.4 100.0% -20 -21.5 & 1.9 Leasing revision -25 Nov. 70 40r. 12 Mar 12 Mar. 12 June 12 Mar. 11 Feb. 12 Jan. 11 Feb. 11 405. 17 Nov. 77 dan. 12 20 20 May 11 June 11 July 17 440. 11 Sep. 11 0_{cř. 77} 2 2 ی. م Min Q_o, Aug Se

Tokyu Department Store sales (compared with same month of previous year) [Leasing revision, Store Total]

Tokyu Store Chain: Sales of existing stores (compared with same month of previous year)

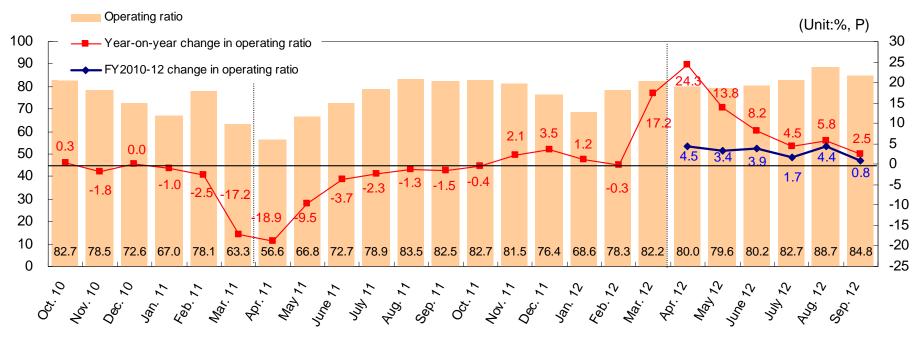




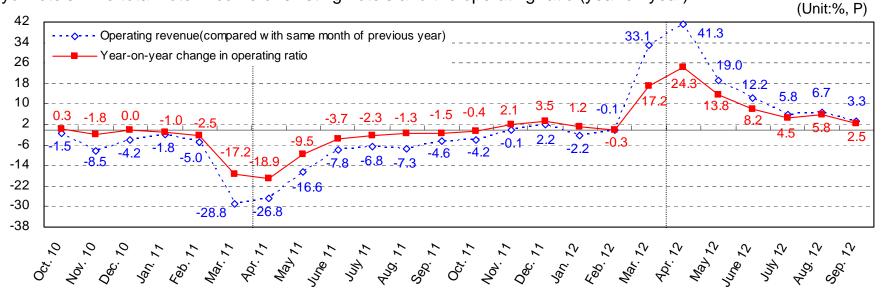
Hotel Business



Tokyu Hotels: The actual operating ratio of existing hotels and the operating ratio (year on year)



Tokyu Hotels: The total hotel income of existing hotels and the operating ratio (year on year)



23

Update Status of Shibuya Hikarie ShinQs



Topics since the opening:

- Number of visitors on the day of the opening: 200,000 Apr. 26:
- TABLE7 started to stay open until late in the evening Jun. 1: on days before holidays.
- Tokyu Theatre Orb opened. Jul. 18:
- The total number of visitors exceeded 10 million on Sep. 13: the 141st day after the opening.

Number of passengers who use Shibuya Station after the opening of Hikarie (cumulative total for the first half)

- Compared with 2011: + 6.7%^{*1}
- Compared with 2010: + 2.6%^{*2} [Period before the Earthquake]
- Impact on the overall number of passengers carried: + 0.2%*3 *Shibuya Station: The total of Shibuya Station of Toyoko Line and Den-en-toshi Line *1 and *2: Number of passengers who passed through ticket gates (excluding passengers with commuter passes), *3: Number of passengers who got on/off the train at the station

Floors 17 – 34: Offices

Main tenants: DeNA, NHN Japan / 17 of 18 floors are operating.

Floors: 11 – 16: Tokyu Theatre Orb (operated by Tokyu Bunkamura) "West Side Story" and "Million Dollar Quartet" are performed. Maintains high occupancy rates, contributing to the increase in the number of visitors to the building itself.

Many high-profile events such as rollouts of products and fashion shows are held here. Bookings for the second half of the fiscal year have been steady.

Floor 8: Creative Space 8/

High-profile events including exhibitions of renowned artists are given constantly here. This floor attracts particular visitors, mainly people in their 30s.

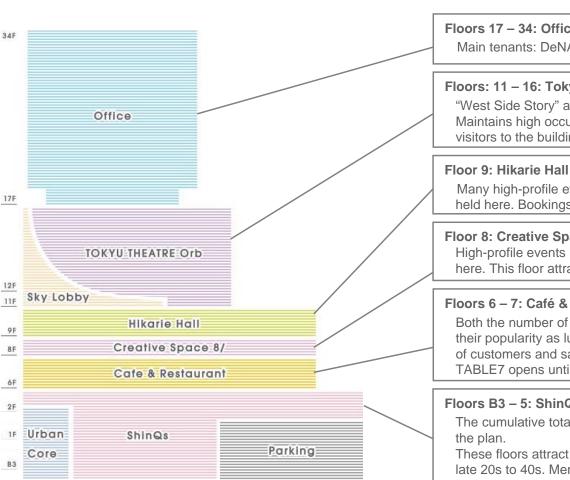
Floors 6 – 7: Café & Restaurant

Both the number of customers and sales have been steady thanks mainly to their popularity as lunch places. After Tokyu Theatre Orb opened, the number of customers and sales grow larger than usual on performance days. TABLE7 opens until 28:00 on Friday, Saturday and the day before holiday.

Floors B3 – 5: ShinQs (operated by Tokyu Department Store)

The cumulative total of the sales for the first half of the fiscal year also exceeded the plan.

These floors attract new sets of customers for Shibuya, mainly women in their late 20s to 40s. Merchandising which focuses on sundries has interested many people, contributing to the increase in the number of visitors.





IV. Details of Financial Results for the First Half of FY2012



Summary of Consolidated Financial Statements (First Half)



| | | _ | | | (E | Billion yen) |
|---|----------|----------|---------------------------|---|-----------|---------------------|
| | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | 1st Half | 1st Half | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | ` |
| | | | change) - 10.2 | Bussines Support: -20.0; Real Estate: -1.5; | as of May | change) + 4.2 |
| Operating revenue | 529.6 | 519.3 | (- 1.9%) | Hotel and Resort: +4.5; Life Service: +2.8; Transportation: +2.4 | 515.1 | (+ 0.8%) |
| Operating profit | 37.2 | 33.1 | - 4.1 (- 11.1%) | Real Estate: -6.1; Life Service: -1.0; Bussines Support: -0.3; Hotel and Resort: +2.7; Transportation: +0.3 | 30.9 | + 2.2 (+ 7.2%) |
| Non-operating revenue | 9.9 | 8.2 | (-10.4%) | Amortization of negative goodwill: 1.7 (-0.0) | 7.1 | + 1.1 (+ 16.7%) |
| Non-operating expenses | 9.2 | 8.6 | - 0.5 (- 6.4%) | Interest paid: 7.1 (-0.5) | 9.2 | - 0.5 (- 6.2%) |
| Recurring profit | 37.9 | 32.7 | - 5.1 (- 13.6%) | | 28.8 | + 3.9 (+ 13.8%) |
| Extraordinary gains | 3.9 | 2.9 | - 0.9 (- 24.9%) | Gain on subsidies for construction: 1.1 (-0.4) | 2.0 | + 0.9 (+ 49.3%) |
| Extraordinary losses | 7.7 | 5.6 | - 2.1 (- 27.4%) | Provision for allowance for loss on transfer of business: 1.9 (-2.0); Loss on reduction of subsidies received for construction: 0.9 (+0.1) | 2.4 | + 3.2 (+ 134.7%) |
| Income before Income Taxes and Minority Interests | 34.1 | 30.1 | - 4.0 (- 11.8%) | | 28.4 | + 1.7 (+ 6.1%) |
| Corporate income taxes | 11.5 | 11.1 | - 0.4 (- 3.8%) | Income taxes: 4.2 (+1.0); Tax adjustment: 6.8 (-1.4) | 11.2 | - 0.0 (- 0.4%) |
| Income before minority interests | 22.5 | 18.9 | - 3.5 (- 15.9%) | | 17.2 | + 1.7 (+ 10.4%) |
| Minority interest in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries | 0.6 | 0.4 | - 0.1 (- 22.0%) | | 0.2 | + 0.2 (+ 146.4%) |
| Net income | 21.9 | 18.4 | - 3.4 (- 15.8%) | | 17.0 | + 1.4 (+ 8.8%) |
| Other comprehensive income | - 0.8 | - 2.4 | - 1.6 (—) | | - | - |
| Total comprehensive income | 21.7 | 16.5 | - 5.2 (- 24.2%) | | - | - |
| Depreciation | 35.4 | 36.6 | + 1.1 (+ 3.3%) | Real Estate: +1.4; Transportation: +0.4; Life Service: +0.4; Bussines Support: -0.8; Hotel and Resort: -0.2 | 35.5 | + 1.1 (+ 3.3%) |
| Disposal cost of fixed assets | 1.6 | 1.3 | - 0.3 (- 21.8%) | Real Estate: -0.2; Transportation: -0.1 | 0.9 | + 0.3 (+ 35.0%) |
| Amortization of goodwill | 0.1 | 0.3 | + 0.1 | Life Service: +0.2 | 0.3 | + 0.0 (+ 10.8%) |
| Tokyu EBITDA | 74.6 | 71.4 | - 3.1 (- 4.2%) | Real Estate: -5.0; Bussines Support: -1.2; Life Service: -0.4; Hotel and Resort: +2.4; Transportation: +0.7 | 67.7 | + 3.7 (+ 5.6%) |

Tokyu EBITDA = Operating profit + Depreciation + Amortization of goodwill + Disposal cost of fixed assets



Consolidated Operating Revenue and Profit by Segment (First Half)



(Billion ven)

[Year-on-year comparison] The decline in profit narrowed due in part to a recovery in the hotel and resort business, etc. from the impact of the earthquake, despite a decrease in Company-owned land sales, a reactionary fall to land sales in Western Australia, the burden associated with the opening of Shibuya Hikarie, and other factors. **[Comparison with May forecast]** Profit was pushed down by the accelerated expenses of the railway operations of the Company. However, profit increased thanks to the strong results of the real estate leasing of the Company, mainly Shibuya Hikarie.

| | | | | | | 1- | silion yen) |
|------------------------|-------------------|----------|----------|---------------------------|--|-----------|---------------------|
| | | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | | 1st Half | 1st Half | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | (Rate of |
| | | ISCHAI | ISTIN | change) | | as of May | |
| Total operating | revenue | 529.6 | 519.3 | (-1.370) | | 515.1 | + 4.2 (+ 0.8%) |
| Total operating profit | | 37.2 | 33.1 | - 4.1 (- 11.1%) | | 30.9 | (+7.2%) |
| Transportation | Operating revenue | 91.0 | 93.5 | + 2.4 (+ 2.7%) | Tokyu Corp. railway operations: +1.6; Izukyu: +0.3 | 92.7 | + 0.8 (+ 0.9%) |
| Transportation | Operating profit | 18.9 | 19.3 | + 0.3 (+ 2.0%) | Tokyu Corp. railway operations: -0.0; Izukyu: +0.3 | 20.2 | - 0.8 (- 4.3%) |
| Real Estata | Operating revenue | 72.2 | 70.7 | - 1.5 (- 2.1%) | Western Australian land sales: -2.5 | 70.0 | |
| Real Estate | Operating profit | 14.8 | 8.7 | - 6.1 (- 41.5%) | Tokyu Corp. sales: -4.6; Tokyu Corp. leasing: +0.0; Western Australian land sales: -2.1 | 7.5 | 1 4 0 |
| Life Service | Operating revenue | 256.1 | 258.9 | + 2.8 (+ 1.1%) | its communications: +0.2 | 263.6 | - 4.6 (- 1.8%) |
| | Operating profit | 4.4 | 3.3 | - 1.0 (- 24.4%) | Tokyu Department Store: -0.0; Tokyu Store Chain: -1.6; its communications: +0.7 | 2.3 | 1 4 0 |
| Hotel and | Operating revenue | 39.9 | 44.4 | + 4.5 (+ 11.3%) | Tokyu Hotels, etc.: +3.7 | 45.6 | - 1.1 (- 2.6%) |
| Resort | Operating profit | - 2.1 | 0.5 | + 2.7 (-) | Tokyu Hotels, etc.: +2.2 | 0.1 | + 0.4 (+ 441.9%) |
| Bussines | Operating revenue | 106.7 | 86.7 | - 20.0 (- 18.7%) | Tokyu Car Corp.: -25.3; Tokyu Geox: +4.5; Tokyu Agency: +3.0 | 79.1 | + 7.6 (+ 9.7%) |
| Support | Operating profit | 1.2 | 0.8 | - 0.3 (- 28.5%) | Tokyu Car Corp.: -0.3; Tokyu Agency: -0.1 | 0.8 | + 0.0 (+ 8.5%) |
| Elimination | Operating revenue | - 36.5 | - 35.0 | + 1.4 | | - 35.9 | + 0.8 |
| etc. | Operating profit | - 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.3 | | 0.0 | + 0.3 |



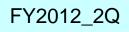
Non-Operating and Extraordinary Gain/Loss (First Half)



[Non-operating profit/expenses] Declined from the previous year, mainly because of a decrease in the investment gain from equity method, despite a decrease in the Company's interest payments and other factors.

[Extraordinary gain/loss] Improved over the previous year, primarily in reaction to the loss from the transfer of Tokyu Car Corporation, which was posted in the previous year.

| | | | | | | Billion yen) |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--|-----------|---------------------|
| | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | 1st Half | 1st Half | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | · · |
| | ISCHAI | 13111411 | change) | | as of May | |
| Operating profit | 37.2 | 33.1 | - 4.1 (- 11.1%) | | 30.9 | + 2.2 (+ 7.2%) |
| Non-operating revenue | 9.9 | 8.2 | - 1.6 (- 16.4%) | | 7.1 | + 1.1 (+ 16.7%) |
| Interest and dividend income | 1.0 | <u>0.8</u> 2.7 | - 0.1 | | 1.1 | - 0.2 |
| Investment gain from equity method | 4.4 | 2.7 | - 1.6 | | 2.1 | + 0.6 |
| Amortization of negative goodwill Others | <u>1.7</u> 2.7 | 1.7 2.9 | + 0.0 + 0.2 | | 1.7 | + 0.0 + 0.7 |
| Non-operating expenses | 9.2 | | 0.5 | | 9.2 | - 0.5 (- 6.2%) |
| Interest | 7.6 | 7.1 | - 0.5 | | 7.6 | - 0.5 |
| Others | 1.5 | | + 0.0 | | 1.5 | + 0.0 |
| Recurring profit | 37.9 | 32.7 | - 5.1 (- 13.6%) | | 28.8 | + 3.9 (+ 13.8%) |
| Extraordinary Gains | 3.9 | 2.9 | 0.0 | | 2.0 | + 0.9 (+ 49.3%) |
| Subsidies received for construction | 1.5 | 1.1 | - 0.4 | | 0.0 | + 1.1 |
| Gain on reversal of Urban Railways Improvement Reserve | 0.9 | 0.9 | | | 0.9 | + 0.0 |
| Others | 1.4 | 0.8 | | | 1.1 | - 0.2 |
| Extraordinary Losses | 7.7 | 5.6 | - 2.1 (- 27.4%) | | 2.4 | + 3.2 (+ 134.7%) |
| Loss on disposal of fixed assets | 0.2 | 0.3 | + 0.0 | | 0.5 | - 0.1 |
| Impairment loss | 0.2 | 0.1 | - 0.0 | | 0.0 | + 0.1 |
| Loss on reduction of subsidies received for construction | 0.8 | 0.9 | + 0.1 | | 0.1 | + 0.8 |
| Transfer to Urban Railways improvement reserve | 1.2 | 1.2 | + 0.0 | | 1.3 | + 0.0 |
| Others | 5.1 | 2.8 | | [FY2012] Provision for allowance for loss on transfer of business: 1.9 (Tokyu Hakuba Corporation) [FY2011] Provision for allowance for loss on transfer of business: (-3.9) (Tokyu Car Corporation) | 0.5 | |
| ncome betore Income Taxes nd Minority Interests | 34.1 | 30.1 | - 4.0 (- 11.8%) | | 28.4 | + 1.7 (+ 6.1%) |
| | | | (-11.0%) | | | (+0.1%) |



Consolidated Tokyu EBITDA by Segment (First Half)



[Year-on-year comparison] Decreased 3.1 billion yen due in part to a decrease in Company-owned land sales, a reactionary fall to land sales in Western Australia, and other factors.

[Comparison with May forecast] Increased 3.7 billion yen partly reflecting the increase in profit from the Company's real estate leasing business and in increase of profit of its communications Inc.

| | | | | | (E | Billion yen) |
|--|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---|-------------|-----------------------|
| | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | 1st Half | 1st Half | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | (Rate of |
| | ISI Hali | | change) | | as of May | change) |
| Transportation | 37.4 | | + 0.7 (+ 1.9%) | | 38.1 | - 0.0 (- 0.1%) |
| Railway operations of the Company | 34.5 | | + 0.4 | | 35.5 | - 0.4 |
| Tokyu Bus Others | <u> </u> | <u>1.8</u> 1.1 | - 0.1 + 0.3 | | 1.6 1.0 | + 0.2 + 0.1 |
| Real Estate | 23.9 | | E 0 | | 17.7 | + 1.2 (+ 6.8%) |
| Real estate sales of the Company | 5.8 | 1.2 | - 4.6 | | 1.5 | - 0.3 |
| Real estate leasing of the Company Others | <u>12.4</u> 5.7 | <u>13.8</u> 3.9 | <u>+ 1.4</u> - 1.8 | A reactionary fall from land sales in Western Australia | 12.3 3.8 | + 1.5 + 0.0 |
| Life Service | 10.8 | | 0.4 | A reactionary fail from and sales in western Adstraita | 8.6 | 1 4 0 |
| Tokyu Department Store | 3.4 | 3.8 | | | 3.6 | + 0.1 |
| Tokyu Store Chain its communications | 3.0 | <u>1.4</u> 3.1 | - <u>1.5</u> + 0.7 | | 1.8 2.0 | - 0.3 + 1.0 |
| Others | <u>2.4</u> 1.9 | <u> </u> | + 0.7 + 0.0 | | 2.0 | + 1.0 |
| Hotel and Resort | 0.0 | 2.4 | | | 1.8 | |
| Tokyu Hotels, etc. | 0.0 | 2.1 | + 2.1 | A recovery from the impact of the earthquake | 1.5 | + 0.6 |
| Others | - 0.0 | 0.2 | 4.0 | | 0.3 | - <u>0.1</u> + 0.0 |
| Bussines Support | 2.4 | | (- 48.8%) | | 1.2 | (+ 0.8%) |
| Tokyu Agency | 0.4 | 0.2 | - 0.1 | | 0.0 | + 0.2 |
| Others Elimination, etc. | <u>2.0</u> - 0.1 | <u> </u> | - 1.0 + 0.3 | | 0.0 | - 0.2 + 0.2 |
| Total | 74.6 | 71.4 | - 3.1 (- 4.2%) | | 67.7 | + 3.7 (+ 5.6%) |

Tokyu EBITDA = Operating profit + Depreciation + Amortization of goodwill + Disposal cost of fixed assets

FY2012_2Q

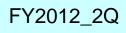


[Year-on-year comparison] Revenue increased given the effect of opening Shibuya Hikarie, in addition to the reactionary rise to the impact of the earthquake. Profit increased slightly despite an increase of power costs.

[Comparison with May forecast] Revenue increased in the railway operations of the Company, but profit decreased 0.8 billion yen due to an increase of costs, partly reflecting the shift in timing for taxes and expenses.

| | | - | | | (E | <u>Billion yen)</u> |
|-----------------------------------|----------|----------|---------------------|--|-----------|---------------------|
| | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | 1st Half | 1st Half | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | • |
| | rotrian | Tot Hair | change) | | as of May | |
| Operating revenue | 91.0 | 93.5 | (+ Z.7%) | ⊢ Revenue from fares: +2.8% (Non-commuter: +3.5%; Commuter: +2.0%) | 92.7 | + 0.8 (+ 0.9%) |
| Railway operations of the Company | 72.2 | 73.9 | + 1.6 (+ 2.3%) | Revenue from fares: 65.6 (+1.7) | 73.3 | + 0.6 (+ 0.9%) |
| Tokyu Bus | 13.3 | 13.5 | + 0.1 (+ 1.2%) | Passengers carried: +1.2% Revenue from fares: +1.2% | 13.5 | - 0.0 (- 0.3%) |
| Others | 5.4 | 6.0 | + 0.6 (+ 11.9%) | Izukyu: +0.3 | 5.8 | + 0.2 (+ 3.7%) |
| Operating profit | 18.9 | 19.3 | (+ 2.0%) | | 20.2 | - 0.8 (- 4.3%) |
| Railway operations of the Company | 17.7 | 17.7 | (- 0.0%) | [Operating expense] Depreciation and amortization: 16.1 (+0.5); Power costs: 3.2 (+0.8) | 19.0 | (-7.0%) |
| Tokyu Bus | 1.0 | 1.1 | + 0.0 (+ 0.9%) | | 0.8 | (+ 31.2%) |
| Others | 0.1 | 0.4 | + 0.3 (+ 320.5%) | Izukyu: +0.3 | 0.2 | + 0.2 (+ 73.6%) |
| Amortization of goodwill | 0.0 | 0.0 | + 0.0 | | - 0.0 | + 0.0 |
| Depreciation | 17.1 | 17.6 | + 0.4 (+ 2.6%) | | 17.3 | + 0.3 (+ 1.7%) |
| Disposal cost of fixed assets | 1.2 | 1.1 | - 0.1 (- 8.9%) | | 0.6 | |
| Tokyu EBITDA | 37.4 | 38.1 | (+1.9%) | | 38.1 | - 0.0 (- 0.1%) |
| Capital expenditures | 16.3 | 13.1 | - 3.2 (- 19.6%) | | 20.3 | - 7.1 (- 35.3%) |

30





[Year-on-year comparison] Both revenue and profit decreased, despite an increase in revenue attributable to the effect of opening Shibuya Hikarie and other factors, mainly reflecting a decrease in Company-owned land sales in the Company's real estate sales and a reactionary fall to land sales in Western Australia.

[Comparison with May forecast] Revenue increased 0.7 billion yen and profit increased 1.2 billion yen due to strong results from properties in the Company's real estate leasing business.

| | | | | _ | | (E | Billion yen) |
|----|------------------------------------|----------|----------|--------------------|---|-----------|--------------------|
| | | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | | 1st Half | 1st Half | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | N |
| | | ISCHAI | ISCHAI | change) | | as of May | |
| 0 | perating revenue | 72.2 | 70.7 | - 1.5 (- 2.1%) | | 70.0 | + 0.7 (+ 1.1%) |
| | Real estate sales of the Company | 16.4 | 11.2 | - 5.2 (- 32.0%) | [Sales] Company-owned land: 8.1 (-6.9); Funds turnover-type: 2.8 (+2.4) | 11.6 | - 0.4 (- 3.7%) |
| | Real estate leasing of the Company | 24.7 | 29.3 | + 4.6 (+ 18.9%) | An increase in revenue due to opening Shibuya Hikarie, etc. | 27.8 | + 1.5 (+ 5.5%) |
| | Others | 31.0 | 30.1 | - 0.9 (- 3.1%) | Western Australian land sales: -2.5 | 30.4 | - 0.3 (- 1.1%) |
| 0 | perating profit | 14.8 | 8.7 | - 6.1 (- 41.5%) | | 7.5 | + 1.2 (+ 16.1%) |
| | Real estate sales of the Company | 5.6 | 1.0 | - 4.6 (- 81.5%) | [Sales margin] Company-owned land: 3.8 (-4.1); Funds turnover-type: -0.3 (-0.4) | 1.4 | - 0.3 (- 27.0%) |
| | Real estate leasing of the Company | 5.1 | 5.2 | (+ 1.7 /0) | An increase in burden of opening Shibuya Hikarie, etc. | 3.6 | (+41.0%) |
| | Others | 4.1 | 2.4 | - 1.6 (- 40.4%) | Western Australian land sales: -2.1; Jotetsu: +0.1; Tokyu Facility Service: +0.1 | 2.3 | + 0.0 (+ 2.3%) |
| | Amortization of goodwill | 0.0 | 0.0 | + 0.0 | | 0.0 | + 0.0 |
| | Depreciation | 8.7 | 10.1 | + 1.4 (+ 16.2%) | | 9.9 | + 0.2 (+ 2.1%) |
| | Disposal cost of fixed assets | 0.4 | 0.1 | - 0.2 (- 64.3%) | | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| Тс | okyu EBITDA | 23.9 | 18.9 | (-20.9%) | | 17.7 | + 1.2 (+ 6.8%) |
| Ca | apital expenditures | 35.1 | 35.3 | + 0.1 (+ 0.5%) | | 31.0 | + 4.3 (+ 14.0%) |



[Year-on-year comparison] Overall revenue increased, despite a decrease in revenue in the Tokyu Store Chain, partly reflecting the depressed consumer spending and closing of stores, thanks in part to a recovery from the impact of the earthquake and the opening of ShinQs. Operating profit declined due mainly to a decrease in revenue in the Tokyu Store Chain.

[Comparison with May forecast] Although both revenue and profit declined for the Tokyu Store Chain, overall profit increased 1.0 billion yen due in part to the shift in the timing for posting expenses at its communications Inc.

| | | | | | (E | Billion yen) |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|---------------------|--|-----------|---------------------|
| | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | 1st Half | 1st Half | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | ` |
| | | | change) | | as of May | |
| Operating revenue | 256.1 | 258.9 | (+1.1%) | | 263.6 | (-1.0%) |
| Tokyu Department Store | 112.8 | 118.9 | + 6.0 (+ 5.3%) | Rate of change in revenue: +1.9% | 122.0 | - 3.1 (- 2.6%) |
| Tokyu Store Chain | 106.6 | 102.5 | (- 3.970) | Rate of change in revenue: All stores: -3.9%; Existing stores: -1.3% | 104.0 | - 1.4 (- 1.4%) |
| its communications | 9.8 | 10.0 | (+Z.4%) | | 10.0 | (-0.5%) |
| Others | 26.7 | 27.4 | + 0.6 (+ 2.5%) | | 27.4 | (+0.1%) |
| Operating profit | 4.4 | 3.3 | (- 24.4 /0) | | 2.3 | (+ 40.178) |
| Tokyu Department Store | 0.6 | 0.6 | (-4.2/0) | | 0.6 | (+ 3.5%) |
| Tokyu Store Chain | 1.9 | 0.2 | (- 00.070) | | 0.7 | - 0.5 (- 70.0%) |
| its communications | 0.6 | 1.3 | + 0.7 (+ 108.9%) | | 0.7 | + 0.6 (+ 85.5%) |
| Others | 1.3 | 1.4 | + 0.1 (+ 9.3%) | | 0.5 | + 0.9 (+ 187.0%) |
| Amortization of goodwill | - 0.1 | - 0.3 | - 0.2 | | - 0.2 | - 0.0 |
| Depreciation | 6.3 | 6.7 | + 0.4 (+ 7.4%) | | 6.0 | + 0.7 (+ 11.8%) |
| Disposal cost of fixed assets | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Tokyu EBITDA | 10.8 | 10.4 | - 0.4 (- 3.8%) | | 8.6 | |
| Capital expenditures | 7.8 | 9.2 | + 1.3 (+ 17.3%) | | 13.6 | 4 4 |

FY2012_2Q



[Year-on-year comparison] Both revenue and profit increased, not only because of the rise in reaction to the impact of the earthquake but also because of an improvement in the occupancy ratio over the year before last.

[Comparison with May forecast] Although revenue declined with the decrease in wedding banquets, profit increased 0.4 billion yen due in part to a decrease in costs related to fixed assets.

| | | | | | (E | Billion yen) |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|--------------------|---|-----------|---------------------|
| | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | 1st Half | 1st Half | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | `` |
| | | | change) | | as of May | 4.4 |
| Operating revenue | 39.9 | 44.4 | (+11.3%) | | 45.6 | - 1. (- 2.6%) |
| Tokyu Hotels, etc. (*) | 31.7 | 35.4 | (+11.0%) | Occupancy ratio: 82.7% (year on year: +9.8 points; Comparison with the fiscal year before last: +3.0 points) | 36.6 | (- 3.1%) |
| Others | 8.1 | 8.9 | + 0.7 (+ 9.5%) | | 8.9 | + 0.0 (- 0.6%) |
| Operating profit | - 2.1 | 0.5 | + 2.7 (-) | | 0.1 | + 0.4 (+ 441.9%) |
| Tokyu Hotels, etc. (*) | - 1.3 | 0.8 | + 2.2 (-) | A recovery from the impact of the earthquake | 0.4 | + 0.4 (+ 100.2%) |
| Others | - 0.7 | - 0.2 | + 0.4 (-) | Tokyu Linen Supply: +0.2 | - 0.2 | + 0.0 |
| Amortization of goodwill | 0.0 | 0.0 | + 0.0 | | 0.0 | - 0. |
| Depreciation | 2.1 | 1.8 | - 0.2 (- 11.0%) | | 1.7 | + 0.0 (+ 5.0%) |
| Disposal cost of fixed assets | 0.0 | 0.0 | + 0.0 (+ 83.7%) | | 0.0 | + 0.0 (+ 1,015.0%) |
| Tokyu EBITDA | - 0.0 | 2.4 | + 2.4 (-) | | 1.8 | + 0.5 (+ 28.9%) |
| Capital expenditures | 0.6 | 2.1 | + 1.4 | | 3.5 | 4 |

* "Tokyu Hotels, etc." includes not only Tokyu Hotels Co., Ltd. but also Tokyu Corp., GK New Perspective One and T.H. Properties, Inc. that have held assets.

FY2012_2Q Segment Information (5) Business Support

Reference CORPORATION

[Year-on-year comparison] Revenue decreased 20.0 billion yen and profit declined 0.3 billion yen as a result of the transfer of Tokyu Car Corporation.

[Comparison with May forecast] Revenue increased significantly thanks to the increase in orders received at Tokyu Geox. Operating profit was almost in line with the level in the May forecast.

| | | | | | | (E | Billion yen) |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|----------|----------|---------------------|--|-----------|---------------------|
| | | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | | 1st Half | 1st Half | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | ` |
| | | Tot Hair | Tot Hair | change) | | as of May | |
| Operating revenue | | 106.7 | 86.7 | - 20.0 (- 18.7%) | | 79.1 | + 7.6 (+ 9.7%) |
| | Tokyu Agency | 44.3 | 47.4 | (+0.9%) | Sales promotion: +1.1; Mass media: +1.0; Traffic advertisement: +0.9 | 50.1 | - 2.7 (- 5.5%) |
| | Others | 62.3 | 39.3 | - 23.0 (- 37.0%) | Tokyu Car Corporation: -25.3; Tokyu Geox: +4.5 | 28.9 | + 10.4 (+ 36.9%) |
| Op | perating profit | 1.2 | 0.8 | - 0.3 (- 28.5%) | | 0.8 | + 0.0 (+ 8.5%) |
| | Tokyu Agency | 0.3 | 0.2 | - 0.1 (- 36.2%) | | 0.0 | (-) |
| | Others | 0.8 | 0.6 | - 0.2 (- 24.1%) | Tokyu Car Corporation: -0.3 | 0.8 | - 0.1 (- 25.7%) |
| | Amortization of goodwill | - 0.0 | - 0.0 | + 0.0 | | - 0.0 | + 0.0 |
| | Depreciation | 1.2 | 0.3 | - 0.8 (- 70.4%) | | 0.4 | - 0.0 (- 14.0%) |
| - | Disposal cost of fixed assets | 0.0 | 0.0 | + 0.0 (-) | | 0.0 | |
| Тс | kyu EBITDA | 2.4 | 1.2 | (-48.8%) | | 1.2 | (+0.0%) |
| Ca | apital expenditures | 1.2 | 1.2 | - 0.0 (- 2.0%) | | 0.6 | |



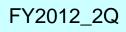
[Total assets] Total assets decreased despite an increase resulting from the acquisition of land in Vietnam, as a result of the transfer of Tokyu Car Corporation.

[Net assets] Net assets increased 5.4%, to 465.9 billion yen, owing to an increase in retained earnings after dividend payments.

[Financial soundness] The equity ratio was 22.8% and the D/E ratio was 2.3, improving financial conditions steadily from the end of the previous fiscal year.

| | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | |
|--|----------|----------|--------------------|--|
| | 1st Half | 1st Half | (Rate of change) | Remarks |
| Total assets 1,9 | | 1,947.3 | 07.0 | |
| Current assets | 292.8 | 257.6 | | Trade notes & accounts receivable: -19.1; Work in progress: -11.8 |
| Fixed assets | 1,691.7 | 1,689.6 | - 2.1 (- 0.1%) | Investments & others: -10.0; Tangible fixed assets: -8.9 |
| Total liabilities | 1,542.6 | 1,481.3 | - 61.3 (- 4.0%) | |
| Current liabilities | 559.5 | 505.7 | - 53.7 (- 9.6%) | Interest-bearing debt: -21.4; Trade notes & accounts payable: -13.7 |
| Fixed liabilities | 959.8 | 951.9 | - 7.9 (- 0.8%) | Interest-bearing debt: -3.7; Reserve for employees' retirement benefits: -2.7; Negative goodwill: -1.3 |
| Reserves under special law | 23.2 | 23.6 | + 0.3 (+ 1.5%) | |
| Total net assets | 441.9 | 465.9 | + 24.0 (+ 5.4%) | Equity capital: +14.6; Other cumulative comprehensive income: -2.0; Minority interest: +11.5 |
| Equity | 431.0 | 443.6 | + 12.5 (+ 2.9%) | Net income: +18.4; Dividends: -4.3 |
| Interest-bearing debt at end of period | 1,036.0 | 1,010.8 | - 25.1 (- 2.4%) | |
| Equity ratio | 21.7% | 22.8% | + 1.1P | |
| D/E ratio (times) | 2.4 | 2.3 | - 0.1 | |

(Billion ven)





[Year-on-year comparison] In terms of operating activities, the amount of gains decreased significantly because of the outlay for land and buildings for sales in Vietnam.

In terms of investing activities, the amount of expenses declined due in part to the recovery of funds associated with the transfer of Tokyu Car Corporation.

Free cash flow decreased 14.7 billion yen, but interest-bearing debt declined 25.1 billion yen.

[Comparison with May forecast] Free cash flow increased 16.0 billion yen, while interest-bearing debt decreased 15.8 billion yen.

| | | | | | (B | <u>sillion yen)</u> |
|--|----------|----------|----------|--|-----------|---------------------|
| | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | 1st Half | 1st Half | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | ` |
| | Tot Hair | Tot Hail | change) | | as of May | change) |
| CF from operating activities | 78.5 | 42.2 | - 36.3 | A increase in expenses on sale of houses and lots in Vietnam | 37.8 | + 4.4 |
| CF from investing activities | - 55.9 | - 34.3 | + 21.5 | | - 45.9 | + 11.6 |
| Capital expenditure | - 64.9 | - 62.8 | + 2.1 | | - 69.5 | + 6.6 |
| Acquisition of securities | - 2.2 | - 0.1 | + 2.1 | | - 0.1 | + 0.0 |
| Subsidies received for construction | 5.1 | 3.2 | - 1.8 | | 3.7 | - 0.4 |
| Gain on sale of assets | 7.2 | 2.9 | - 4.2 | Sale of SHIROKI Corporation: -3.0; Transfer of Tokyu Car Corporation: +1.5 | 19.9 | + 3.4 |
| Collection of funds | 0.0 | 20.3 | + 20.3 | Collection of funds associated with the transfer of Tokyu Car Corporation: +19.0 | 19.9 | + 3.4 |
| CF from financial activities | - 22.9 | - 19.4 | + 3.5 | | - 3.8 | - 15.5 |
| Interest-bearing debt Net increase/decrease | - 17.1 | - 25.3 | - 8.1 | | - 9.3 | - 15.9 |
| Dividend payment | - 4.3 | - 4.3 | - 0.0 | | - 4.3 | + 0.0 |
| Free cash flow | 22.6 | 7.8 | - 14.7 | | - 8.1 | + 16.0 |
| Interest-bearing debt at end of period | _ | 1,010.8 | - | [End of FY2011] 1,036.0 (-25.1) | 1,026.7 | - 15.8 |

FY2012_2Q Capital Expenditure by Segment (First Half)

[Year-on-year comparison] Although large-scale development in the Company's real estate leasing business has been completed, capital expenditures remained almost unchanged from the previous year due to the acquisition of land in Vietnam. Expenses associated with the sale of houses and lots rose 25.0 billion yen due to the acquisition of land in Vietnam.

[Comparison with May forecast] Capital expenditures fell 6.8 billion yen, partly reflecting the shift in timing for capital expenditure in the railway operations of the Company.

| | | | | | (E | Billion yen) |
|--|----------|----------|----------------------|---|-----------|---------------------------|
| | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | 1st Half | 1st Half | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | ` |
| | ISCHAI | ISCHAI | change) | | as of May | change) |
| Total capital expenditure | 62.3 | 62.7 | + 0.3 (+ 0.6%) | | 69.5 | - 6.8 (%9.8 -) |
| Transportation | 16.3 | 13.1 | - 3.2 (- 19.6%) | Tokyu Corp. railway operations: -3.5 | 20.3 | - 7.1 (- 35.3%) |
| Real Estate | 35.1 | 35.3 | + 0.1 (+ 0.5%) | Becamex Tokyu: +13.3; Tokyu Corp. leasing: -12.0 | 31.0 | + 4.3 (+ 14.0%) |
| Life Service | 7.8 | 9.2 | + 1.3 (+ 17.3%) | Tokyu Department Store: +4.5; Tokyu Store Chain: -1.4; its communications: -1.4 | 13.6 | (- 32.4%) |
| Hotel and Resort | 0.6 | 2.1 | + 1.4 (+ 211.0%) | Tokyu Hotels, etc.: +1.3 | 3.5 | (- 39.0%) |
| Bussines Support | 1.2 | 1.2 | - 0.0 (- 2.0%) | | 0.6 | + 0.6 (+ 101.0%) |
| Headquarters | 1.8 | 1.7 | - 0.0 | | 1.2 | + 0.4 |
| Elimination | - 0.8 | - 0.1 | + 0.7 | | - 0.9 | + 0.7 |
| Fokyu Corp. and Becamex Tokyu Expenses on sale of houses and lots | 6.0 | 31.1 | + 25.0 (+ 412.3%) | Becamex Tokyu: +20.1 | 32.3 | - 1 .1 (- 3.6%) |

Capital expenditures are amounts stated in segment information (capital expenditures made) and might be different from figures in the statements of cash flow, which consider accounts payable at the end of the fiscal year.



[Year-on-year comparison] Overall depreciation increased 1.1 billion yen due in part to the opening of Shibuya Hikarie.

[Comparison with May forecast] Overall depreciation increased 1.1 billion yen due in part to depreciation at Tokyu Department Store and its communications Inc.

| | | | | | | (E | Billion yen) |
|----|-----------------------------------|----------|----------|--------------------|---|-----------|--------------------|
| | | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | | 1st Half | 1st Half | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | • |
| | | rotrian | Tot Huil | change) | | as of May | change) |
| То | tal depreciation and amortization | 35.4 | 36.6 | + 1.1 (+ 3.3%) | | 35.5 | + 1.1 (+ 3.3%) |
| | Transportation | 17.1 | 17.6 | + 0.4 (+ 2.6%) | Tokyu Corp. railway operations: +0.5; Tokyu Bus: -0.1 | 17.3 | + 0.3 (+ 1.7%) |
| | Real Estate | 8.7 | 10.1 | (+16.2%) | Tokyu Corp. leasing: +1.5 | 9.9 | + 0.2 (+ 2.1%) |
| | Life Service | 6.3 | 6.7 | (+7.4%) | Tokyu Department Store: +0.3; Tokyu Store Chain: +0.1 | 6.0 | (+11.8%) |
| | Hotel and Resort | 2.1 | 1.8 | (- 11.0%) | Tokyu Hotels, etc.: -0.1 | 1.7 | + 0.0 (+ 5.0%) |
| | Bussines Support | 1.2 | 0.3 | - 0.8 (- 70.4%) | Tokyu Car Corp.: -0.8 | 0.4 | - 0.0 (- 14.0%) |



V. Details of Financial Forecasts for FY2012

Note to the results by segment for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2012

The results by segment for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2012 are calculated for a year-on-year comparison. They are not audited by the corporate auditors and accounting auditor. Please note that they may be changed.



(Plan) Summary of Financial Statements for FY2012



| | | | | | | Billion yen) |
|---|---------|----------|--------------------|---|-----------------------|--------------------|
| | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | Results | Forecast | (Rate of change) | Remarks | Forecast as of May | N |
| Operating revenue | 1,094.2 | 1,063.8 | | Bussines Support: -53.0; Real Estate: +9.2; Life Service: +7.9; Hotel and Resort: +2.3; Transportation: +0.9 | 1,064.8 | 4 |
| Operating profit | 55.0 | 51.0 | - 4.0 (- 7.3%) | | 50.0 | 11 |
| Non-operating revenue | 17.0 | 12.5 | | | 10.9 | |
| Non-operating expenses | 18.0 | 18.5 | + 0.4 (+ 2.7%) | Interest paid: 14.3 (-0.6) | 18.9 | - 0.4 (- 2.1%) |
| Recurring profit | 54.0 | 45.0 | - 9.0 (- 16.8%) | | 42.0 | + 3.0 (+ 7.1%) |
| Extraordinary gains | 15.6 | 12.6 | (-19.2%) | Gain on sale of fixed assets: 0.6 (-2.1) | 10.2 | (+23.370) |
| Extraordinary losses | 21.3 | 15.3 | - 6.0 (- 28.4%) | Loss on reduction of subsidies received for construction: 7.9 (+4.2); Impairment loss: 0.1 (-2.6) Provision for allowance for loss on transfer of business: 0.0 (-4.8); | 13.1 | + 2.2 (+ 16.8%) |
| Income before Income Taxes and Minority Interests | 48.2 | 42.3 | - 5.9 (- 12.4%) | | 39.1 | + 3.2 (+ 8.2%) |
| Corporate income taxes | 11.1 | 13.5 | + 2.3 (+ 20.6%) | Income taxes: 6.8 (+0.4); Tax adjustment: 6.7 (+1.8) | 12.3 | + 1.2 (+ 9.8%) |
| Income before minority interests | 37.0 | 28.8 | - 8.3 (- 22.4%) | | 26.8 | + 2.0 (+ 7.5%) |
| Minority interest in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries | 1.1 | 0.8 | - 0.3 (- 32.0%) | | 0.8 | + 0.0 (+ 0.0%) |
| Net income | 35.9 | 28.0 | - 7.9 (- 22.1%) | | 26.0 | + 2.0 (+ 7.7%) |
| Depreciation | 72.7 | 75.3 | + 2.5 (+ 3.5%) | Real Estate: +2.7; Transportation: +1.2; Bussines Support: -1.6 | 74.4 | + 0.9 (+ 1.2%) |
| Disposal cost of fixed assets | 19.3 | 15.7 | 2.0 | Transportation: -3.5 | 15.8 | 0.4 |
| Amortization of goodwill | 0.4 | 0.7 | + 0.2 | Life Service: +0.2 | 0.7 | + 0.0(+ 0.0%) |
| Tokyu EBITDA | 147.6 | 142.7 | - 4.9 (- 3.3%) | Real Estate: -3.5; Bussines Support: -1.7; Hotel and Resort: +1.7 | 140.9 | + 1.8 |

Tokyu EBITDA = Operating profit + Depreciation + Amortization of goodwill + Disposal cost of fixed assets

FY2012 (Plan) Operating Revenue and Profit by Segment



(Rillion von)

[Year-on-year comparison] The decline in profit will narrow due in part to a recovery in the hotel business, etc. from the impact of the earthquake, despite a decrease in Company-owned land sales and a reactionary fall to land sales in Western Australia.

[Comparison with May forecast] Although profit will decrease in life service and hotel and resorts, etc., overall profit will increase 1.0 billion yen, pushed up by an increase in profit in the real estate business, mainly real estate leasing.

| | | | | | | (L | Sillion yen) |
|-----------------|-------------------|---------|----------|---------------------|---|-----------|--------------------|
| | | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | | Results | Forecast | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | (Rate of |
| | | Nesuis | TUIECasi | change) | | as of May | change) |
| Total operating | revenue | 1,094.2 | 1,063.8 | (- 2.0 /0) | | 1,064.8 | - 1.0 (- 0.1%) |
| Total operating | profit | 55.0 | 51.0 | - 4.0 (- 7.3%) | | 50.0 | + 1.0 (+ 2.0%) |
| Transportation | Operating revenue | 185.7 | 186.7 | + 0.9 (+ 0.5%) | Tokyu Corp. railway operations: +0.5; Izukyu: +0.4 | 185.4 | + 1.3 (+ 0.7%) |
| Transportation | Operating profit | 18.1 | 19.7 | + 1.5 (+ 8.6%) | Tokyu Corp. railway operations: +1.6; Izukyu: +0.2; Tokyu Bus: -0.2 | 19.5 | + 0.2 (+ 1.0%) |
| Roal Estato | Operating revenue | 154.4 | 163.7 | + 9.2 (+ 6.0%) | Tokyu Corp. sales: +0.1; Tokyu Corp. leasing: +11.8; Western Australian land sales: -3.5 | 164.1 | - 0.4 (- 0.2%) |
| Real Estate | Operating profit | 28.1 | 21.8 | - 6.3 (- 22.6%) | Tokyu Corp. sales: -2.7; Tokyu Corp. leasing: -1.2; Western Australian land sales: -2.9 | 20.1 | + 1.7 (+ 8.5%) |
| Life Service | Operating revenue | 519.3 | 527.3 | (+1.5%) | Tokyu Department Store: +13.0; Tokyu Store Chain: -5.5; its communications: +0.9 | 532.0 | 4 7 |
| | Operating profit | 6.6 | 5.1 | - 1.5 (- 22.9%) | Tokyu Department Store: -0.2; Tokyu Store Chain: -1.1 | 5.5 | - 0.4 (- 7.3%) |
| Hotel and | Operating revenue | 86.3 | 88.7 | + 2.3 (+ 2.7%) | Tokyu Hotels, etc.: +3.0; Tokyu Linen Supply: +0.4 Tokyu Hakuba Corporation: -1.4 | 90.9 | - 2.2 (- 2.4%) |
| Resort | Operating profit | - 1.0 | 1.0 | (-) | Tokyu Hotels, etc.: +1.5; Tokyu Linen Supply: +0.4 Tokyu Hakuba Corporation: -0.3 | 1.4 | - 0.4 (- 28.6%) |
| Bussines | Operating revenue | 227.9 | 174.9 | - 53.0 (- 23.3%) | Tokyu Car Corp.: -55.1; Tokyu Agency: +6.8 | 169.9 | + 5.0 (+ 2.9%) |
| Support | Operating profit | 3.5 | 3.4 | - 0.1 (- 3.7%) | | 3.5 | - 0.1 (- 2.9%) |
| Elimination | Operating revenue | - 79.5 | - 77.5 | + 2.0 | | - 77.5 | + 0.0 |
| etc. | Operating profit | - 0.3 | 0.0 | + 0.3 | | 0.0 | + 0.0 |



(Plan) Non-Operating and Extraordinary Gain/Loss for FY2012



[Non-operating profit/expenses] Non-operating profit/expenses will decrease due to a decline in investment gains from the equity method and a decline in other non-operating revenues.

[Extraordinary gain/loss] An improvement is expected, given the reduced loss from the transfer of Tokyu Car Corporation and a decrease in impairment loss, despite a decline in the gain on the sale of fixed assets.

| | | | | | (E | Billion yen) |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--|------------|--------------------|
| | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | Deculto | | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | (Rate of |
| | Results | Forecast | change) | | as of May | |
| Operating profit | 55.0 | 51.0 | - 4.0 (- 7.3%) | | 50.0 | + 1.0 (+ 2.0%) |
| Non-operating revenue | 17.0 | 12.5 | (-20.7%) | | 10.9 | + 1.6 (+ 14.7%) |
| Interest and dividend income | 1.7 | 1.7 | + 0.0 | | 1.7 | + 0.0 |
| Investment gain from equity method Amortization of negative goodwill | <u>6.1</u> 3.4 | 4.1 | - <u>2.0</u> + 0.0 | Tokyu Land Corporation: 3.3 (-2.4) | 3.4 | + 0.7 + 0.0 |
| Others | <u> </u> | <u>3.4</u> 3.3 | - 2.3 | | 3.4 2.4 | + 0.0 + 0.9 |
| Non-operating expenses | 18.0 | 18.5 | | | 18.9 | - 0.4 (- 2.1%) |
| Interest | 14.9 | 14.3 | - 0.6 | | 15.2 | - 0.9 |
| Others | 3.0 | 4.2 | + 1.1 | | 3.7 | + 0.5 |
| Recurring profit | 54.0 | 45.0 | - 9.0 (- 16.8%) | | 42.0 | + 3.0 (+ 7.1%) |
| Extraordinary Gains | 15.6 | 12.6 | (-19.270) | | 10.2 | + 2.4 (+ 23.5%) |
| Gain on sale of fixed assets | 2.7 | 0.6 | - 2.1 | | 0.6 | + 0.0 |
| Gain on sale of investment | 0.2 | 0.0 8.3 | - 0.2 | | <u>0.0</u> | + 0.0 |
| Subsidies received for construction Gain on reversal of Urban Railways | 8.8 | 8.3 | - 0.5 | | 7.0 | + 1.3 |
| Improvement Reserve | 1.8 | 1.9 | + 0.0 | | 1.9 | + 0.0 |
| Others | 1.7 | 1.7 | + 0.0 | | 0.7 | + 1.0 |
| Extraordinary Losses | 21.3 | 15.3 | - 6.0 (- 28.4%) | | 13.1 | + 2.2 (+ 16.8%) |
| Loss on sale of fixed assets | 0.0 | 0.1 | + 0.0 | | 0.1 | + 0.0 |
| Loss on disposal of fixed assets | 0.8 | 0.8 | + 0.0 | | 0.8 | + 0.0 |
| Impairment loss | 2.8 | 0.1 | - 2.6 | | 0.0 | + 0.1 |
| Loss on reduction of subsidies | 3.6 | 7.9 | + 4.2 | | 6.5 | + 1.4 |
| Transfer to Urban Railways | 2.5 | 2.6 | + 0.0 | | 2.6 | + 0.0 |
| improvement reserve | | | | [FY2012] Sale of Tokyu Hakuba Corporation: 1.9 | | |
| Others | 11.4 | 3.7 | - 7.7 | [FY2012] Sale of Tokyu Hakuba Corporation: 1.9 [FY2011] Provision for allowance for loss on transfer of business: (-4.8) (Tokyu Car Corporation) | 3.1 | + 0.6 |
| Income before Income Taxes and Minority Interests | 48.2 | 42.3 | - 5.9 (- 12.4%) | | 39.1 | + 3.2 (+ 8.2%) |

42



[Year-on-year comparison] An overall drop of 4.9 billion yen is expected mainly due to a decrease in Company-owned land sales, despite a recovery in the hotel business, etc. from the impact of the earthquake.

[Comparison with May forecast] An increase of 1.8 billion yen is expected, mainly reflecting an increase in profit from real estate leasing of the Company, including Shibuya Hikarie.

| | | | | | (E | Billion yen) |
|--|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---|---------------------|-----------------------|
| | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | Results | Forecast | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | (Rate of |
| | Results | FUIECasi | change) | | as of May | change) |
| Transportation | 72.0 | | - 0.7 (- 1.2%) | | 71.1 | + 0.1 (+ 0.1%) |
| Railway operations of the Company | 66.5 | 66.0 | - 0.4 | | 65.9 | + 0.0 |
| Tokyu Bus Others | 3.3 2.2 | <u>2.9</u> 2.3 | - 0.4 + 0.1 | | <u>2.9</u> 2.2 | + 0.0 + 0.0 |
| Real Estate | 46.5 | | - 3.7 (- 7.7%) | | 41.1 | + 1.7 (+ 4.4%) |
| Real estate sales of the Company | 11.8 | 9.3 | - 2.4 | | 8.8 | + 0.5 |
| Real estate leasing of the Company Others | <u>24.6</u> 10.1 | <u>26.2</u> 7.2 | <u>+ 1.6</u> - 2.8 | A reactionary fall from land sales in Western Australia | 2 <u>5.0</u> 7.2 | + 1.1 + 0.0 |
| Life Service | 20.2 | 19.3 | - 0.9 (- 4.9%) | | 19.1 | + 0.1 (+ 0.5%) |
| Tokyu Department Store | 7.7 | 7.9 | + 0.2 | | 8.1 | - 0.1 |
| Tokyu Store Chain | 4.3 | <u>3.2</u> 5.3 | <u>- 1.1</u> + 0.0 | | 3.6 | - 0.4 |
| its communications Others | 5.3 2.8 | <u> </u> | <u>+ 0.0</u> - 0.1 | | 4.6 2.6 | + 0.6 + 0.2 |
| Hotel and Resort | 3.1 | 4.9 | + 1.7 (+ 58.0%) | | 5.0 | 04 |
| Tokyu Hotels, etc. | 2.6 | 4.1 | + 1.5 | | 3.6 | + 0.4 |
| Others | 0.4 | 0.7 | <u>+ 0.2</u> - 1.7 | | 1.3 | <u>- 0.6</u> - 0.1 |
| Bussines Support | 6.0 | 4.3 | - 1.7 (- 29.4%) | | 4.3 | - 0.1 (- 2.3%) |
| Tokyu Agency | 0.8 | 1.1 | + 0.3 | | 1.1 | + 0.0 |
| Others | 5.2 | 3.1 | - 2.1 | Tokyu Car Corporation: -1.5 | 3.2 | - 0.0 |
| Elimination, etc. | - 0.5 | 0.0 | + 0.5 | | 0.0 | + 0.0 |
| Total | 147.6 | 142.7 | - 4.9 (- 3.3%) | | 140.8 | + 1.8 (+ 1.3%) |

Tokyu EBITDA = Operating profit + Depreciation + Amortization of goodwill + Disposal cost of fixed assets

FY2012 (Plan) Segment Information (1) Transportation

[Year-on-year comparison] Revenue will increase due in part to rise in reaction to the impact of the earthquake and the effect of opening Shibuya Hikarie. Profit will also increase given a decline in disposal cost of fixed assets, despite an increase in power costs.

[Comparison with May forecast] Although an increase in revenue is expected in railway operations of the Company, profit will almost be in line with the level in the May forecast due in part to an increase in the costs of enhancing safety measures.

| | | | | _ | | (□ | Sillion yen) |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------|----------|--------------------|--|-----------|--------------------|
| | | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | | Results | Forecast | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | ` |
| | | Results | TOICCast | change) | | as of May | |
| 0 | perating revenue | 185.7 | 186.7 | + 0.9 (+ 0.5%) | ⊢ Revenue from fares: +1.7% (Non-commuter: +1.9%; Commuter: +1.6%) | 185.4 | (+0.7%) |
| | Railway operations of the Company | 147.0 | 147.6 | (+0.4%) | Revenue nonnales. 150.5 (+2.2) | 146.6 | + 0.9 (+ 0.6%) |
| | Tokyu Bus | 26.4 | 26.4 | (+0.0%) | | 26.5 | (-0.5%) |
| | Others | 12.2 | 12.6 | (+ 3.2%) | Izukyu: +0.4 | 12.1 | + 0.4 (+ 3.6%) |
| 0 | perating profit | 18.1 | 19.7 | (+ 0.0%) | | 19.5 | + 0.2 (+ 1.0%) |
| | Railway operations of the Company | 16.0 | 17.7 | (+ 10.2%) | [Operating expense] Depreciation and amortization: 14.7 (-3.3); Power costs: 6.1 (+1.2) | 17.7 | + 0.0 (+ 0.1%) |
| | Tokyu Bus | 1.3 | 1.1 | - 0.2 (- 18.9%) | | 1.1 | + 0.0 (+ 2.7%) |
| | Others | 0.6 | 0.8 | + 0.1 (+ 28.1%) | Izukyu: +0.2 | 0.6 | + 0.1 (+ 22.6%) |
| | Amortization of goodwill | 0.0 | 0.0 | + 0.0 | | 0.0 | + 0.0 |
| | Depreciation | 35.4 | 36.6 | + 1.1 (+ 3.3%) | | 36.8 | - 0.2 (- 0.5%) |
| | Disposal cost of fixed assets | 18.4 | 14.9 | <u> </u> | | 14.8 | 1 0 4 |
| Т | okyu EBITDA | 72.0 | 71.2 | 0.0 | | 71.1 | + 0.1 (+ 0.1%) |
| С | apital expenditures | 49.8 | 54.8 | + 4.9 (+ 10.0%) | | 54.8 | 1 0 0 |

(Billion yon)

FY2012



/ **—**

[Year-on-year comparison] Although revenue will increase due in part to the opening of Shibuya Hikarie, profit will decline, partly reflecting the burden of opening Shibuya Hikarie, a decrease in Company-owned land sales, and a reactionary fall to land sales in Western Australia.

[Comparison with May forecast] Profit from the Company's real estate leasing business will increase 1.2 billion yen due to strong results from properties. Overall profit is also expected to increase 1.7 billion yen.

| | | | | | (E | <u>Billion yen)</u> |
|-----------------------------------|---------|-----------|---------------------------|--|-----------|---------------------|
| | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | Results | Forecast | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | (Rate of |
| | results | 1 Orecast | change) | | as of May | |
| Operating revenue | 154.4 | 163.7 | + 9.2 (+ 6.0%) | | 164.1 | - 0.4 (- 0.2%) |
| Real estate sales of the Company | 39.6 | 39.7 | + 0.1 (+ 0.3%) | [Sales] Company-owned land: 21.0 (-5.7); Funds turnover-type: 17.9 (+7.0) | 41.1 | - 1.3 (- 3.3%) |
| Real estate leasing of the Compan | 50.3 | 62.1 | + 11.8 (+ 23.5%) | An increase in revenue due to opening Shibuya Hikarie, etc. | 60.6 | + 1.4 (+ 2.3%) |
| Others | 64.4 | 61.8 | - 2.6 (- 4.1%) | Western Australian land sales: -3.5; Tokyu Facility Service: +0.5; Tokyu Wellness: +0.5 | 62.2 | - 0.4 (- 0.7%) |
| Operating profit | 28.1 | 21.8 | - 6.3 (- 22.6%) | | 20.1 | + 1.7 (+ 8.5%) |
| Real estate sales of the Company | 11.3 | 8.6 | - 2.7 (- 23.7%) | [Sales margin] Company-owned land: 11.3 (-2.8); Funds turnover-type: 4.2 (+0.9) | 8.3 | + 0.3 (+ 3.9%) |
| Real estate leasing of the Compan | 9.9 | 8.7 | - 1.2 (- 12.3%) | An increase in burden of opening Shibuya Hikarie, etc. | 7.5 | + 1.2 (+ 15.9%) |
| Others | 6.8 | 4.3 | - 2.4 (- 35.9%) | Western Australian land sales: -2.9 | 4.2 | + 0.1 (+ 4.1%) |
| Amortization of goodwill | 0.0 | 0.0 | + 0.0 | | 0.0 | + 0.0 |
| Depreciation | 17.6 | 20.4 | + 2.7 (+ 15.8%) | | 20.2 | + 0.2 (+ 1.0%) |
| Disposal cost of fixed assets | 0.7 | 0.8 | | | 0.9 | 0.4 |
| Tokyu EBITDA | 46.5 | 43.0 | (-1.1%) | | 41.2 | + 1.8 (+ 4.4%) |
| Capital expenditures | 53.7 | 64.5 | + 10.7 (+ 20.1%) | | 65.3 | - 0.8 (- 1.2%) |

FY2012 (Plan) Segment Information (3) Life Service



[Year-on-year comparison] Operating revenue is expected to rise, mainly because of a recovery from the impact of the earthquake and the opening of ShinQs, although Tokyu Store Chain's revenue will decline due in part to store closures. Operating profit will decrease due in part to an increase in utility costs for the Tokyu Store Chain.

[Comparison with May forecast] Although a decline in revenue is expected in Tokyu Department Store, etc., each company will review costs and make other efforts to limit the decline in overall profit to 0.4 billion yen.

| | | | _ | | (E | Billion yen) |
|-------------------------------|---------|----------|--------------------|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | Results | Forecast | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | · · |
| Operating revenue | 519.3 | 527.3 | change) + 7.9 | | as of May 532.0 | - 4.7 |
| | | | (+1.5%) | | 552.0 | (-0.9%) |
| Tokyu Department Store | 235.1 | 248.1 | + 13.0 (+ 5.5%) | Rate of change in revenue: +6.4% | 254.2 | - 6.1 (- 2.4%) |
| Tokyu Store Chain | 212.6 | 207.0 | (-2.0%) | Rate of change in revenue: All stores: -2.9%; Existing stores: -0.4% | 205.8 | + 1.1 (+ 0.6%) |
| its communications | 19.6 | 20.6 | + 0.9 (+ 5.1%) | | 20.5 | + 0.0 (+ 0.4%) |
| Others | 51.9 | 51.4 | - 0.4 (- 0.8%) | | 51.3 | |
| Operating profit | 6.6 | 5.1 | - 1.5 (- 22.9%) | | 5.5 | - 0.4 (- 7.3%) |
| Tokyu Department Store | 1.9 | 1.6 | - 0.2 (- 15.5%) | | 1.7 | |
| Tokyu Store Chain | 1.9 | 0.7 | - 1.1 (- 60.2%) | | 1.2 | - 0.5 (- 39.4%) |
| its communications | 1.4 | 1.6 | (+1.970) | | 1.5 | + 0.1 (+ 6.7%) |
| Others | 1.5 | 1.7 | + 0.1 (+ 7.5%) | | 1.5 | + 0.1 (+ 10.5%) |
| Amortization of goodwill | - 0.3 | - 0.6 | - 0.2 | | - 0.6 | + 0.0 |
| Depreciation | 13.2 | 13.6 | + 0.3 (+ 2.4%) | | 13.0 | + 0.6 (+ 4.6%) |
| Disposal cost of fixed assets | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.1 | - 0.1 (-) |
| Tokyu EBITDA | 20.2 | 19.3 | - 0.9 (- 4.9%) | | 19.2 | + 0.1 (+ 0.5%) |
| Capital expenditures | 18.3 | 18.4 | | | 18.4 | |

FY2012 (Plan) Segment Information (4) Hotel and Resort



[Year-on-year comparison] Operating profit will be posted given a recovery from the impact of the earthquake, which is mainly seen among Tokyu Hotels, and continuous cost-cutting efforts.

[Comparison with May forecast] Both revenue and profit will decrease given the transfer of Tokyu Hakuba Corporation.

| | | | | | (E | Billion yen) |
|-------------------------------|---------|----------|---------------------|--|-----------|--------------------|
| | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | Results | Forecast | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | (Rate of |
| | | | change) | | as of May | |
| Operating revenue | 86.3 | 88.7 | + 2.3 (+ 2.7%) | | 90.9 | - 2.2 (- 2.4%) |
| Tokyu Hotels, etc. (*) | 69.1 | 72.2 | (+ 4.4%) | Occupancy failo. 81.5 % (year off year. +5.7 points) | 72.3 | (-0.2%) |
| Others | 17.2 | 16.4 | - 0.7 (- 4.1%) | Tokyu Hakuba Corporation: -1.4; Tokyu Linen Supply: +0.4 | 18.5 | - 2.0 (- 11.0%) |
| Operating profit | - 1.0 | 1.0 | + 2.0 (-) | | 1.4 | - 0.4 (- 28.6%) |
| Tokyu Hotels, etc. (*) | - 0.0 | 1.4 | + 1.5 (-) | | 1.4 | - 0.0 (- 1.7%) |
| Others | - 0.9 | - 0.4 | + 0.4 (-) | Tokyu Linen Supply: +0.4; Tokyu Hakuba Corporation: -0.3 | - 0.0 | - 0.3 (—) |
| Amortization of goodwill | - 0.0 | 0.0 | + 0.0 | | 0.0 | + 0.0 |
| Depreciation | 4.1 | 3.9 | - 0.2 (- 5.4%) | | 3.6 | + 0.3 (+ 8.3%) |
| Disposal cost of fixed assets | 0.0 | 0.0 | - 0.0 (—) | | 0.0 | |
| Tokyu EBITDA | 3.1 | 4.9 | + 1.7 (+ 58.0%) | | 5.0 | - 0.1 (- 2.0%) |
| Capital expenditures | 2.2 | 4.8 | + 2.5 (+ 110.7%) | | 4.8 | |

* "Tokyu Hotels, etc." includes not only Tokyu Hotels Co., Ltd. but also Tokyu Corp., GK New Perspective One and T.H. Properties, Inc. that have held assets.

FY2012 (Plan) Segment Information (5) Business Support



[Year-on-year comparison] Operating revenue will decrease significantly with the transfer of Tokyu Car Corporation. However, we will secure almost the same level of overall operating profit as the previous year given an increase in both profit and revenue at Tokyu Agency.

[Comparison with May forecast] Despite an unplanned increase in orders at Tokyu Geox, operating profit will be almost in line with the level in the May forecast.

| | | | | | (E | Billion yen) |
|-------------------------------|---------|----------|---------------------|------------------------------|-----------|---------------------|
| | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | Results | Forecast | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | (Rate of |
| | Results | TUIECasi | change) | | as of May | |
| Operating revenue | 227.9 | 174.9 | - 53.0 (- 23.3%) | | 169.9 | + 5.0 (+ 2.9%) |
| Tokyu Agency | 93.4 | 100.2 | (+7.5%) | | 102.1 | - 1.9 (- 1.9%) |
| Others | 134.5 | 74.6 | - 59.8 (- 44.5%) | Tokyu Car Corporation: -55.1 | 67.7 | + 6.9 (+ 10.2%) |
| Operating profit | 3.5 | 3.4 | (- 3.7%) | | 3.5 | (-2.9%) |
| Tokyu Agency | 0.7 | 1.1 | + 0.3 (+ 51.4%) | | 1.1 | + 0.0 (+ 1.0%) |
| Others | 2.8 | 2.3 | - 0.5 (- 16.9%) | | 2.4 | - 0.1 (- 4.5%) |
| Amortization of goodwill | - 0.0 | - 0.0 | + 0.0 | | - 0.0 | + 0.0 |
| Depreciation | 2.4 | 0.8 | - 1.6 (- 67.7%) | | 0.8 | + 0.0 (+ 0.0%) |
| Disposal cost of fixed assets | 0.0 | 0.0 | + 0.0 (-) | | 0.0 | |
| Tokyu EBITDA | 6.0 | 4.3 | (-29.4%) | | 4.4 | - 0.1 (- 2.3%) |
| Capital expenditures | 4.9 | 1.6 | - 3.3 (- 67.6%) | | 0.8 | + 0.8 (+ 100.0%) |

FY2012 (Plan) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow

[Year-on-year comparison] Cash flows from operating activities will decline significantly due to expenses on the sale of houses and lots in Vietnam.

In terms of investing activities, capital expenditures will exceed the previous year's level but expenses will decrease due to a decline in securities acquisition and the gain on sales of assets.

Interest-bearing debt is expected to decline 15.5 billion yen.

[Comparison with May forecast] Free cash flow has been revised up by 2.0 billion yen given an increase in operating cash flow associated with an increase in operating profit.

| | | | | | (E | Sillion yen) |
|--|---------|-----------|----------|--|-----------|--------------|
| | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | Results | Forecast | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | ` |
| | rtoouto | 1 erecaet | change) | | as of May | change) |
| CF from operating activities | 144.5 | 107.6 | - 36.9 | A increase in expenses on sale of houses and lots in Vietnam | 105.6 | + 2.0 |
| CF from investing activities | - 125.9 | - 104.8 | + 21.1 | | - 104.8 | + 0.0 |
| Capital expenditure | - 133.3 | - 145.0 | - 11.6 | | - 145.0 | + 0.0 |
| Acquisition of securities | - 11.4 | - 0.2 | + 11.2 | [FY2011] Acquisition of Yokohama Cable Vision,etc. | - 0.2 | + 0.0 |
| Gain on sale of assets | 11.1 | 30.0 | + 18.8 | Transfer of Tokyu Car Corporation | 30.0 | + 0.0 |
| Subsidies received for construction | 7.1 | 10.4 | + 3.2 | | 10.4 | + 0.0 |
| CF from financial activities | - 16.4 | - 14.8 | + 1.5 | | - 12.8 | - 2.0 |
| Interest-bearing debt Net increase/decrease | - 5.3 | - 15.5 | - 10.1 | | - 13.5 | - 2.0 |
| Dividend payment | - 8.1 | - 8.8 | - 0.6 | | - 8.8 | + 0.0 |
| Free cash flow | 18.5 | 2.8 | - 15.7 | | 0.8 | + 2.0 |
| Interest-bearing debt at end of period | 1,036.0 | 1,020.5 | - 15.5 | | 1,022.5 | - 2.0 |



[Year-on-year comparison] An overall increase of 12.9 billion yen is expected given the acquisition of commercial land in Vietnam and progress in the construction project for mutual direct train service operation with Fukutoshin Line.

[Comparison with May forecast] With respect to total capital expenditure, the May forecast remains unchanged.

| | | | | | | Billion yen) |
|--|------------------|----------|----------------------|---|-----------|---------------------|
| | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | Results | Forecast | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | ` |
| | Results Fulecast | | change) | | as of May | |
| Total capital expenditure | 132.0 | 145.0 | + 12.9 (+ 9.8%) | | 145.0 | + 0.0 (+ 0.0%) |
| Transportation | 49.8 | 54.8 | + 4.9 (+ 10.0%) | Tokyu Corp. railway operations: +3.9 | 54.8 | + 0.0 (+ 0.0%) |
| Real Estate | 53.7 | 64.5 | + 10.7 (+ 20.1%) | Becamex Tokyu: +13.3 | 65.3 | - 0.8 (- 1.2%) |
| Life Service | 18.3 | 18.4 | + 0.0 (+ 0.1%) | Tokyu Department Store: +3.2; Tokyu Store Chain: -2.0; its communications: -1.7 | 18.4 | |
| Hotel and Resort | 2.2 | 4.8 | (+110.7%) | Tokyu Hotels, etc +1.2, Mauria Larii Resort. +1.2 | 4.8 | + 0.0 (+ 0.0%) |
| Bussines Support | 4.9 | 1.6 | - 3.3 (- 67.6%) | Tokyu Techno System: -1.9; Tokyu Car Corporation: -1.7 | 0.8 | + 0.8 (+ 100.0%) |
| Headquarters | 4.6 | 2.4 | - 2.2 | | 2.4 | + 0.0 |
| Elimination | - 1.7 | - 1.5 | + 0.2 | | - 1.5 | + 0.0 |
| Tokyu Corp. and Becamex Tokyu Expenses on sale of houses and lots | 15.8 | 50.1 | + 34.2 (+ 215.7%) | Becamex Tokyu: +20.1 | 50.1 | + 0.0 (+ 0.0%) |

Capital expenditures are amounts stated in segment information (capital expenditures made) and might be different from figures in the statements of cash flow, which consider accounts payable at the end of the fiscal year.



[Year-on-year comparison] Total depreciation and amortization will increase by 2.5 billion yen due in part to the opening of Shibuya Hikarie, offsetting a decrease with the transfer of Tokyu Car Corporation.

[Comparison with May forecast] An overall increase of 0.9 billion yen is expected, given an increase at its communications Inc and Tokyu Hotels.

| | | | | | | (E | <u>Sillion yen)</u> |
|----|-----------------------------------|---------|----------|--------------------|--|-----------|---------------------|
| | | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | | FY2012 | Change |
| | | Results | Forecast | (Rate of | Remarks | Forecast | (Rate of |
| | | Results | FUIECasi | change) | | as of May | change) |
| Тс | tal depreciation and amortization | 72.7 | 75.3 | + 2.5 (+ 3.5%) | | 74.4 | + 0.9 (+ 1.2%) |
| | Transportation | 35.4 | 36.6 | 1 4 0 | Tokyu Corp. railway operations: +1.4 | 36.8 | 0.0 |
| | Real Estate | 17.6 | 20.4 | + 2.7 (+ 15.8%) | Tokyu Corp. leasing: +3.0 | 20.2 | + 0.2 (+ 1.0%) |
| | Life Service | 13.2 | 13.6 | + 0.3 (+ 2.4%) | Tokyu Department Store: +0.5; its communications: -0.1 | 13.0 | (+4.0%) |
| | Hotel and Resort | 4.1 | 3.9 | - 0.2 (- 5.4%) | | 3.6 | + 0.3 (+ 8.3%) |
| | Bussines Support | 2.4 | 0.8 | - 1.6 (- 67.7%) | Tokyu Car Corp.: -1.6 | 0.8 | + 0.0 (+ 0.0%) |



(Reference)

(Non-Consolidated) Summary of Operating Results



(Billion yen) First Half Full year FY2012 FY2011 FY2012 FY2011 FY2012 Change Change Change FY2012 Change (Rate of Forecast (Rate of (Rate of (Rate of Forecast 1st Half 1st Half Results Forecast change) as of May change) change) as of May change) + 10.8+ 1.1 + 1.3 + 1.0258.2 Operating revenue 118.5 119.6 118.3 247.3 257.2 (+ 0.9%) (+ 4.4%) (+ 1.1%) (+0.4%)+ 1.6+ 0.6 + 0.6+ 1.0**Railway operations** 72.3 73.3 147.1 147.8 74.0 146.8 (+ 2.3%) (+0.9%)(+ 0.4%) (+0.7%)+ 0.7+ 10.2+ 0.0- 0.5 46.2 45.6 44.9 110.4 100.1 110.4 Real estate business (- 1.2%) (+ 10.2%) (+0.0%)(+1.6%)- 5.2 + 0.0- 0.4 - 1.4 Real estate sales 16.7 11.4 11.8 40.4 40.5 41.9 (- 31.6%) (-3.7%) (+0.2%)(-3.3%) + 4.7+ 1.1 + 10.+ 1.434.2 69.9 Real estate leasing 29.5 33.1 59.7 68.5 (+ 3.4%) (+ 16.0%) (+ 17.0%) (+2.0%)+ 12.+ 5.0+ 1.4 - 1.0 95.0 209.2 221.6 222.6 Operating expenses 93.6 89.9 (+5.6%)(+1.5%)(+5.9%)(-0.4%)+ 1.4+ 1.9 - 0.9 + 1.0**Railway operations** 56.2 54.3 131.0 130.1 129.1 54.7 (+ 2.7%) (-0.8%) (+ 3.6%) (+0.8%)+ 13.+ 3.5- 0.5 - 2.0 35.1 38.7 39.2 78.1 91.5 93.5 Real estate business (+ 17.0%) (-2.1%)(+ 10.2%) (-1.4%)+ 2.3 - 0.9 - 0.0 - 17 10.5 10.5 31.8 33.5 29.4Real estate sales 11.4 (+ 7.9%) (- 8.4%) (-0.0%)(-5.1%) + 4.5+ 10.9- 0.5 - 0.3 Real estate leasing 23.6 28.2 28.7 48.7 59.7 60.0 (-0.5%) (+ 19.2%)(-1.8%)(+22.6%)- 3.9 - 0.1 + 2.0Operating profit 28.6 24.6 24.7 38.0 36.6 34.6 (- 13.9%) (-0.4%) (- 3.8%) (+5.8%)+ 0.1 - 1.3 + 1.6+ 0.017.5 17.7 19.0 16.0 17.7 17.7 **Railway operations** (+ 1.0%) (-7.0%)(+ 10.1%) (+0.0%)- 4. + 1.2- 3.0 + 2.0Real estate business 11.0 6.9 5.6 21.9 18.9 16.9 (-37.5%) (+ 21.7%) (-14.0%) (+11.8%) - 2.2 + 0.3- 4.3 - 0.4 0.9 5.2 1.3 8.7 8.4 Real estate sales 10.9 (-20.5%) (-82.7%) (-32.7%) (+3.6%)+ 0.1+ 1.7+ 1.6 - 0.8 Real estate leasing 5.8 6.0 4.3 11.0 10.2 8.5 (+ 38.5%) (-7.6%)(+3.0%)(+ 20.0%) - 3.5 + 0.5 + 3.0- 1.2 Recurring profit 25.6 22.1 21.5 31.0 29.8 26.8 (-13.7%) (+2.7%)(- 4.2%) (+11.2%)+ 0.4+ 0.0- 4.2 - 4.8 18.8 14.5 14.1 26.922.1 22.1 Net income (- 22.5%) (+2.8%)(- 18.1%) (+ 0.0%)

(Non-Consolidated) Itemized Expenses in Railway Operations



| | | | | | | | | | (B | illion yen) |
|---|----------|----------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------|----------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| | | | First Half | | | Full year | | | | |
| | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | FY2012 | Change | FY2011 | FY2012 | Change | FY2012 | Change |
| | 1st Half | 1st Half | (Rate of change) | Forecast as of May | (Rate of change) | Results | Forecast | (Rate of change) | Forecast as of May | (Rate of change) |
| Operating expenses | 54.7 | 56.2 | + 1.4 (+ 2.7%) | 54.3 | + 1.9 (+ 3.6%) | 131.0 | 130.1 | - 0.9 (- 0.8%) | 129.1 | + 1.0 (+ 0.8%) |
| Personnel expensess | 10.8 | 10.7 | - 0.1 (- 1.5%) | 10.5 | + 0.1 (+ 1.4%) | 21.5 | 21.7 | + 0.2 (+ 1.0%) | 21.1 | + 0.6 (+ 3.0%) |
| Retirement benefit expenses | 1.3 | 1.3 | - 0.0 (- 1.0%) | 1.4 | (-4.1%) | 2.7 | 2.7 | - 0.0 (- 1.4%) | 2.8 | - 0.1 (- 4.4%) |
| Power costs | 2.3 | 3.2 | + 0.8 (+ 34.6%) | 3.1 | + 0.0 (+ 0.5%) | 4.8 | 6.1 | + 1.2 (+ 25.9%) | 6.1 | - 0.0 (- 0.4%) |
| Repair costs | 2.7 | 2.8 | + 0.1 (+ 5.2%) | 2.8 | - 0.0 (- 0.5%) | 7.8 | 7.7 | - 0.1 (- 1.9%) | 7.7 | - 0.0 (- 0.1%) |
| Expenses | 10.5 | 10.6 | (+0.5%) | 9.9 | + 0.6 (+ 7.0%) | 37.1 | 34.2 | - 2.8 (- 7.8%) | 34.4 | - 0.1 (- 0.3%) |
| Of which, disposal cost of fixed assets | 1.4 | 1.1 | - 0.3 (- 21.6%) | 0.5 | (+122.1%) | 18.1 | 14.7 | - 3.3 (- 18.4%) | 14.6 | (+1.1%) |
| Of which, outsourcing fees | 3.6 | 3.7 | + 0.0 (+ 1.2%) | 3.7 | + 0.0 (+ 0.0%) | 7.5 | 7.0 | - 0.4 (- 6.3%) | 7.4 | - 0.3 (- 4.8%) |
| Taxes | 2.9 | 2.9 | - 0.0 (- 1.2%) | 2.0 | + 0.8 (+ 41.9%) | 5.7 | 5.5 | - 0.1 (- 3.3%) | 5.5 | + 0.0 (+ 0.6%) |
| Depreciation | 15.5 | 16.1 | + 0.5 (+ 3.7%) | 15.8 | + 0.2 (+ 1.8%) | 31.9 | 33.4 | + 1.4 (+ 4.5%) | 33.4 | - 0.0 (- 0.2%) |
| Administrative cost | 6.2 | 6.4 | + 0.1 (+ 2.0%) | 6.5 | - 0.1 (- 2.5%) | 14.8 | 14.1 | - 0.6 (- 4.2%) | 13.9 | + 0.2 (+ 1.9%) |
| Others | 2.0 | 2.0 | + 0.0 (+ 0.7%) | 1.8 | + 0.2 (+ 10.8%) | 4.2 | 4.2 | - 0.0 (- 0.4%) | 3.8 | + 0.3 (+ 9.9%) |